

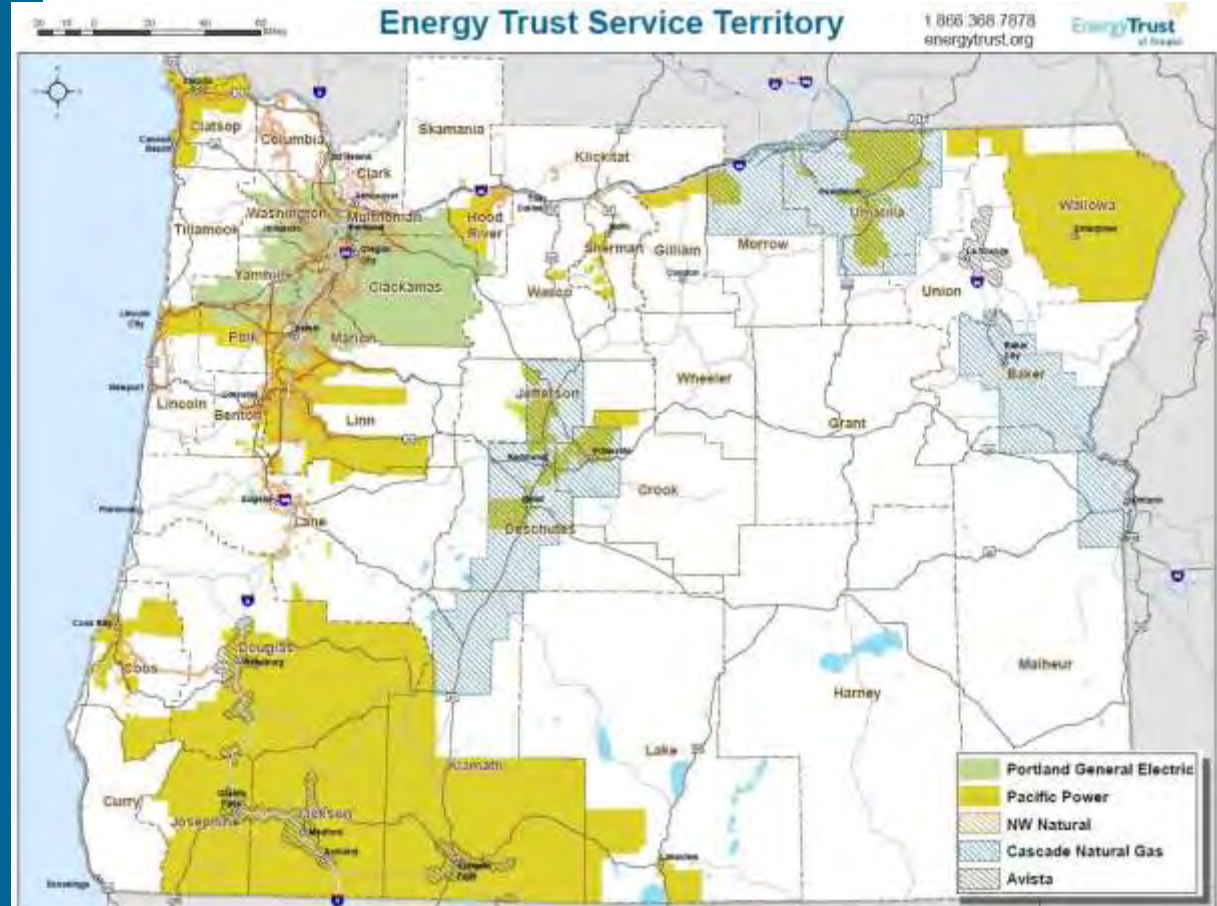
**Lessons from a Pioneer Net
Zero Building, Painters Hall at
Pringle Creek Community**

Allies for Efficiency

January 5, 2017

About Energy Trust

- Independent nonprofit Serving customers of Portland General Electric, Pacific Power, NW Natural, Cascade Natural Gas, and Avista.
- Providing access to affordable energy
- Generating homegrown, renewable power
- Building a stronger Oregon and SW Washington



New Buildings Events

Allies for Efficiency (AFE)

- Case study presentations on high-performance design and construction projects
- Take place 3-5 times per year in Portland + regionally

High Performance Design Technical Trainings

- Advanced training events for designers, architects and/or engineers
- Take place 2 – 3 times per year
- Content is focused on specific techniques or technologies

Building Energy Simulation Forum (BESF)

- Advanced energy modeling presentations
- Topics relevant to energy modelers / analysts, and engineers
- Take place every other month, remote access always available

Upcoming Allies for Efficiency Trainings

February 23, 2017: Allies for Efficiency
*Westmoreland Union Manor – Major
Renovation of a Senior Living Facility*
Portland, Oregon



Upcoming Building Energy Simulation Forum Trainings

BESF usually takes place the third Wednesday of every other month at the Ecotrust Building at noon.

February 15, 2017:

Case Study – Modelling for the Bullitt Center, Presented by PAE

April 12, 2017

Presentation on ASHRAE 209P



Training & Education Webpage

energytrust.org/commercial/commercial-training-events/



Boost your knowledge with Energy Trust's continuing education opportunities and special training events. Trainings include real-world examples, case studies, and detailed technical information presented by experts from the fields of architecture, engineering, construction and development, as well as specialists in a variety of building types and market sectors. Attendees may be eligible for continuing education units, CEUs.

[Find Upcoming Trainings and Events](#)

Net Zero Fellowship

- Up to two fellowship grants, not to exceed a combined total of \$50,000, to support net-zero energy research over 12 to 18 months
- Funding for new research to advance design best practices, technologies and policies, and the overall net-zero community in Oregon
- Application deadline January 9, 2017
- Learn more at energytrust.org/zero



Questions?

Have questions about upcoming training and education opportunities *or* about becoming an Energy Trust New Buildings Ally?

Contact Amanda.Davidowitz@clearresult.com





Thank You

Amanda Davidowitz

Market Outreach Specialist

Amanda.Davidowitz@clearesult.com



The background features a soft, watercolor-style illustration of green leaves in shades of light and medium green, positioned in the upper right quadrant. A thin, dark red rectangular border frames the text area on the left side of the slide.

Painters Hall Getting To Net Zero

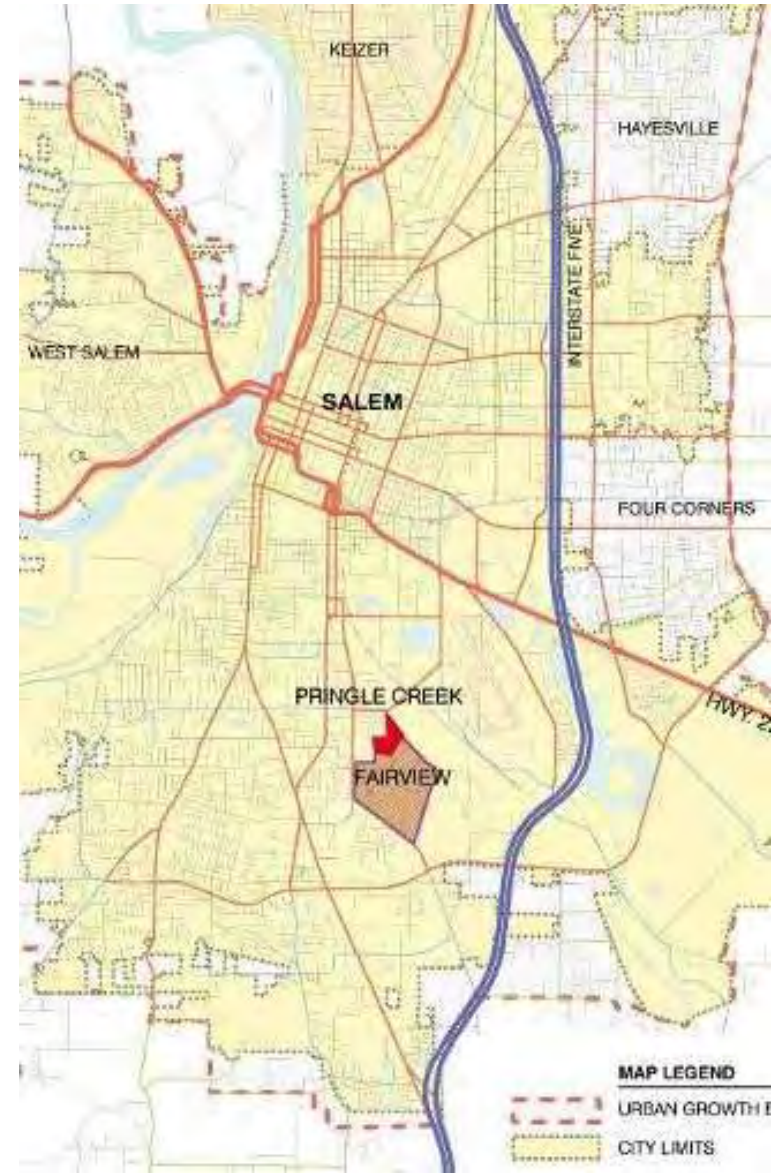
James Meyer, Pringle Creek Community
Jeffrey Becksfort, PAE Consulting Engineers
Jonathan Schachter, Sustainable Development Inc.

www.pringlecreek.com |

Energy Trust December 15, 2016

Fairview Training Center 1908-1998

- 275-acre former state property
- Incredibly beautiful landscape
- Close-in, 3 miles from downtown



Clean, Green, Affordable, Equitable,

Fairview



Sustainable Fairview – 2001

- Planning process was collaborative and community-based from the very beginning
- Charrette and design workshops to develop master planning principles and layout of entire site.



Pringle Creek Community - 2005

- 32 acre property: native tree stands, fish-bearing stream.
- Natural and built resources...creek, buildings
- Break into thirds; parks/streets/structures.
- **146** homesites (16 acres) and **8** commercial lots (4 acres) in Village Center.
- Design guided by
- **10 Principles** of Sustainable Development.



Sustainable Redevelopment: Pringle Creek Community

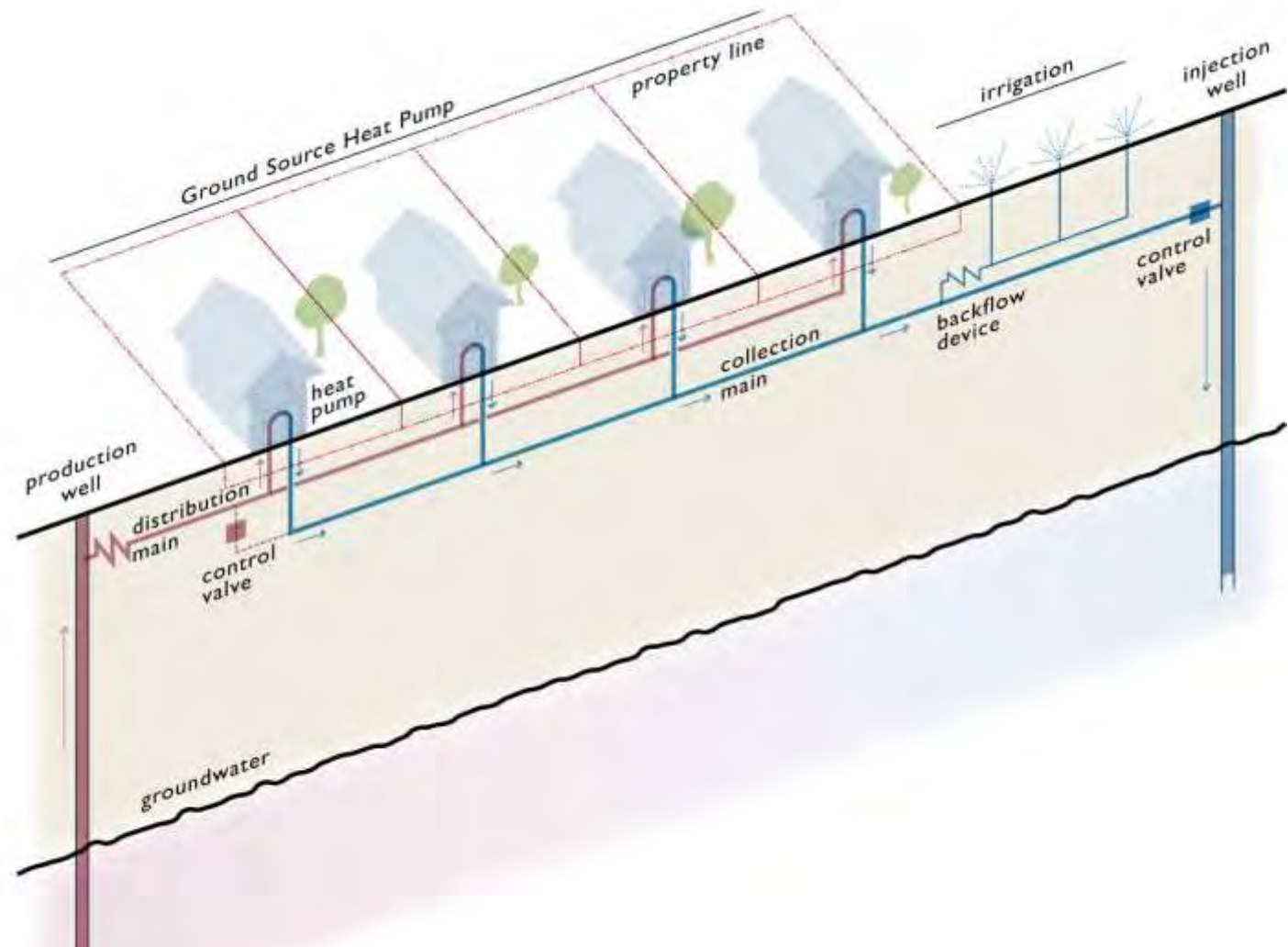


- NZEB Certification (Painters)
- LBC Petal Recognition: Energy | Equity | Beauty
- LEED Platinum (Painters)
- NAHB 2008 Energy Value Silver Award
- NAHB 2007 Green Land Development of the Year

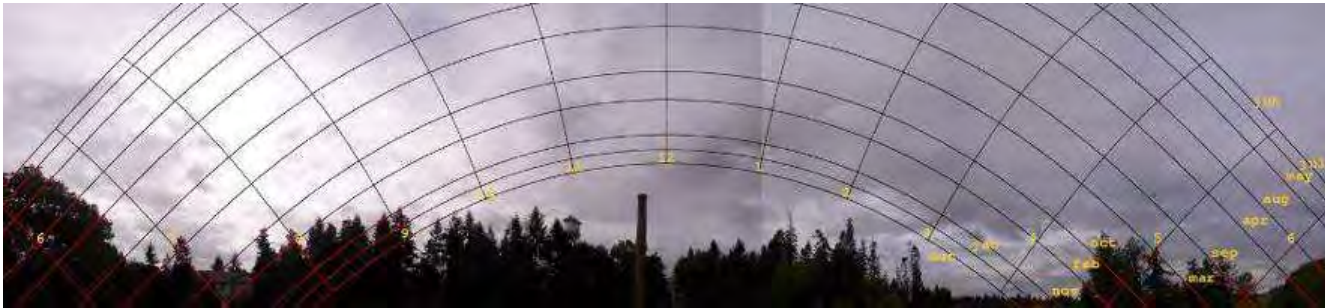
Solar Analysis & Geothermal Potential



District Ground-Source Geothermal & Irrigation



Sun Angle Calculations

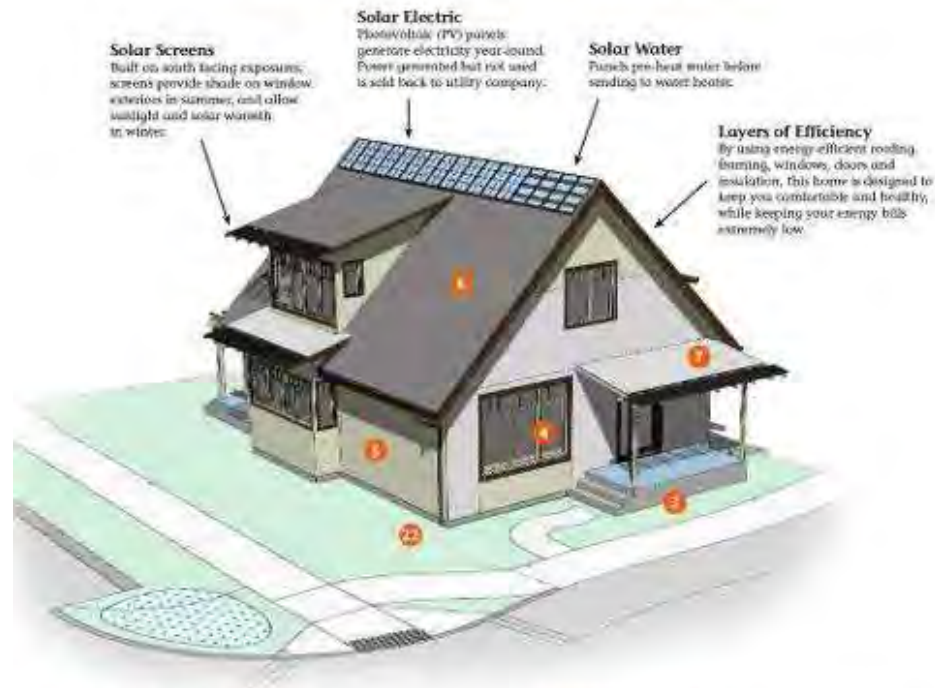


Storm Water - Porous vs. Conventional Asphalt



Cottage House

GREEN FEATURES OF COTTAGE HOME



Solar Screens
Built on south-facing exposures, screens provide shade on window exteriors in summer, and allow sunlight and solar warmth in winter.

Solar Electric
Photovoltaic (PV) panels generate electricity year-round. Power generated but not used is sold back to utility company.

Solar Water
Pumps pre-heat water before sending to water heater.

Layers of Efficiency
By using energy-efficient roofing, framing, windows, doors and insulation, this home is designed to keep you comfortable and healthy, while keeping your energy bills extremely low.

EXTERIOR CONSTRUCTION:

- 1 Exterior wall and roof framing uses advanced framing techniques with engineered lumber and FSC-certified^{*} lumber to allow more insulation and reduce the need of extraneous framing lumber without compromising the structural integrity of the house
- 2 High performance exterior envelope insulation at roof and walls uses a combination of formaldehyde free spray-foam insulation, blown cellulose, and rigid polystyrene insulakut
- 3 Foundation: 30% fly-ash concrete mix
- 4 Windows: Mid-Win EnergyStar[®] Low-E glass
Low maintenance aluminum clad exterior on wood
U value = .32 (Code requirement: 1 = .49)
Locally sourced and manufactured in Bend
38% window to wall area
- 5 Siding: Pre-primed Hard-Plank[™] cement fiber lap siding
- 6 Roofing: Elk Composition Cool Color series (reflectance of .27)
Cool Color series, 50 year life
- 7 Metal Roofing: Locally sourced, high recycled content, Cool Color series, 50 year life
- 8 Low-VOC^{**} paint on exterior surfaces

^{*}FSC: Forestry Stewardship Council
An international, non-profit organization committed to the preservation, protection and restoration of the world's working forests.

^{**}VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds
Materials made with Low-VOC's are almost no harmful off-gases

INTERIOR MATERIALS:

- 9 Flooring: Locally sourced Madrone hardwood floors with low-VOC^{**} natural finish. Carpeting is 100% Wool (No-VOC)
- 10 No-VOC paint in the interior
- 11 Cabinets: Formaldehyde-free cabinetry with Bend coats and water-based, low-VOC finish
- 12 Greenguard-certified[®] Natural Quartz solid-surface countertops and mosaic

ENERGY & RESOURCE SYSTEMS:

- 13 Geothermal: Water-to-Air, High Efficiency Heat Pump
- 14 Zoned Energy Recovery Ventilator: Fresh air and heat recovery
- 15 Solar Water Pre-Heating: 40 tube thermomax system
- 16 Solar Electric System: 2kW Photovoltaic
- 17 Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFL) in all lighting fixtures
- 18 EnergyStar[®] Appliances (kitchen, laundry, electronics)
- 19 Dual Flush Toilets: 1.6/9 gallons per flush (gpf)
- 20 Shower Heads: 1.6 gallons per minute (gpm)
- 21 Kitchen Faucets: 1.0 gpm, Vanity Faucets: 1.5 gpm
- 22 Native drought tolerant plants and limited lawn irrigated with a drip irrigation system. Optional Rainwater Harvesting collects water run-off from roof and stores in cisterns to irrigate landscaping in the dry season. Plantings also reduce need for herbicides.



- 2 kw photovoltaic array
- 40 vacuum tube solar domestic hot water collectors

Restore / Reuse



Final Village Center Concept





Net-Zero Community Center of Activity

Getting to NZEB - Everything Matters

Needs of the Neighborhood

Heating and Cooling Energy

- Benchmarking
- Capacity

Water for Landscape and Gardens

Cascading Use

Disposal (Recycle)



Community Center Building – Net Zero Design

- **Integrated package of energy efficiency design features**
- **Modeled with DOE2.2 – an hour by hour energy simulation program**
- **Groundwater-coupled heat pumping and supplemental cooling**
- **Zonal supplemental heating**
- **Point of use electric potable water heaters**



How to Get NZEB +

Everything Matters

Water

Air

Energy

People

Air

Quality

Comfort

Control



Operable Windows, Individual
Control, Visible CO2 Sensors

Energy

Materials

Durability

Performance

Renewables



Site materials, salvage materials, minimum demolition, maximum reuse, good envelope, high performance systems, ghps, pv's

Net Zero - Definitions

A building that produces at least as much energy through renewable sources as it uses over the course of a year.

NET ZERO*

[net][zeer-oh] n. adj.

Net Zero Site Energy

Net Zero Source Energy

Net Zero Costs

Net Zero Carbon

*<http://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy08osti/41957.pdf>



Architect: Miller|Hull

The earth receives more energy from the sun in just one hour than the whole world uses in a year. *

- Why Net Zero?





Leo Freitas

WILDLIFE



OUR ENVIRONMENT



CARE

OPRESERVE



FUTURE GENERATIONS

QUALITY OF LIFE

THE BIG PICTURE



CHERISH



WORKING TOGETHER



Challenges

Cultural, Technical, Financial



Owner + Occupant Impact

Hour of operations

Choice of computers

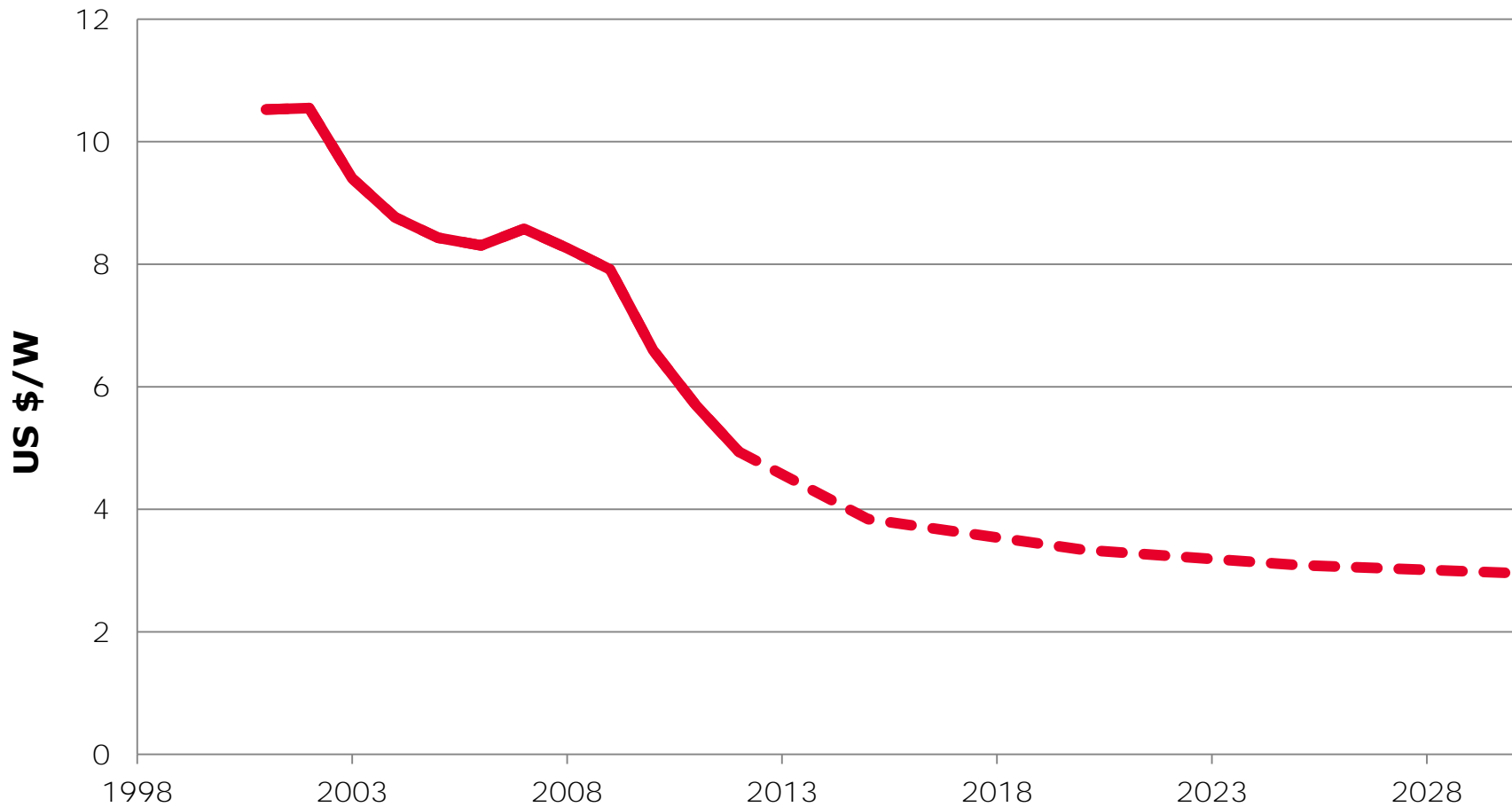
Energy use feedback to tenants

Post occupancy survey



First Cost Trend

Average Price of PV



Incentives

Simplified Regulation
(Net Metering)

Preferential Treatment
(Zoning)

Investment Based
(% of Cost)

Capacity Based
(\$ per kW, Power)

Production Based
(\$ per kWh, Energy)



Net Zero Today



Rocky Mountain Institute HQ – 15,600 SF



The Bullitt Center – 51,000 SF



Zenger Farms – 16 Acres



Georgia Tech – 42,500 SF



Sokol Blosser Winery - 11,670 SF

Achieving Net Zero



PAE's 6-Step Approach



Set Aggressive Goals



Analyze the Climate



Reduce Loads



Choose Efficient Systems



Opt for Renewables



Verify Performance

Set Aggressive Goals



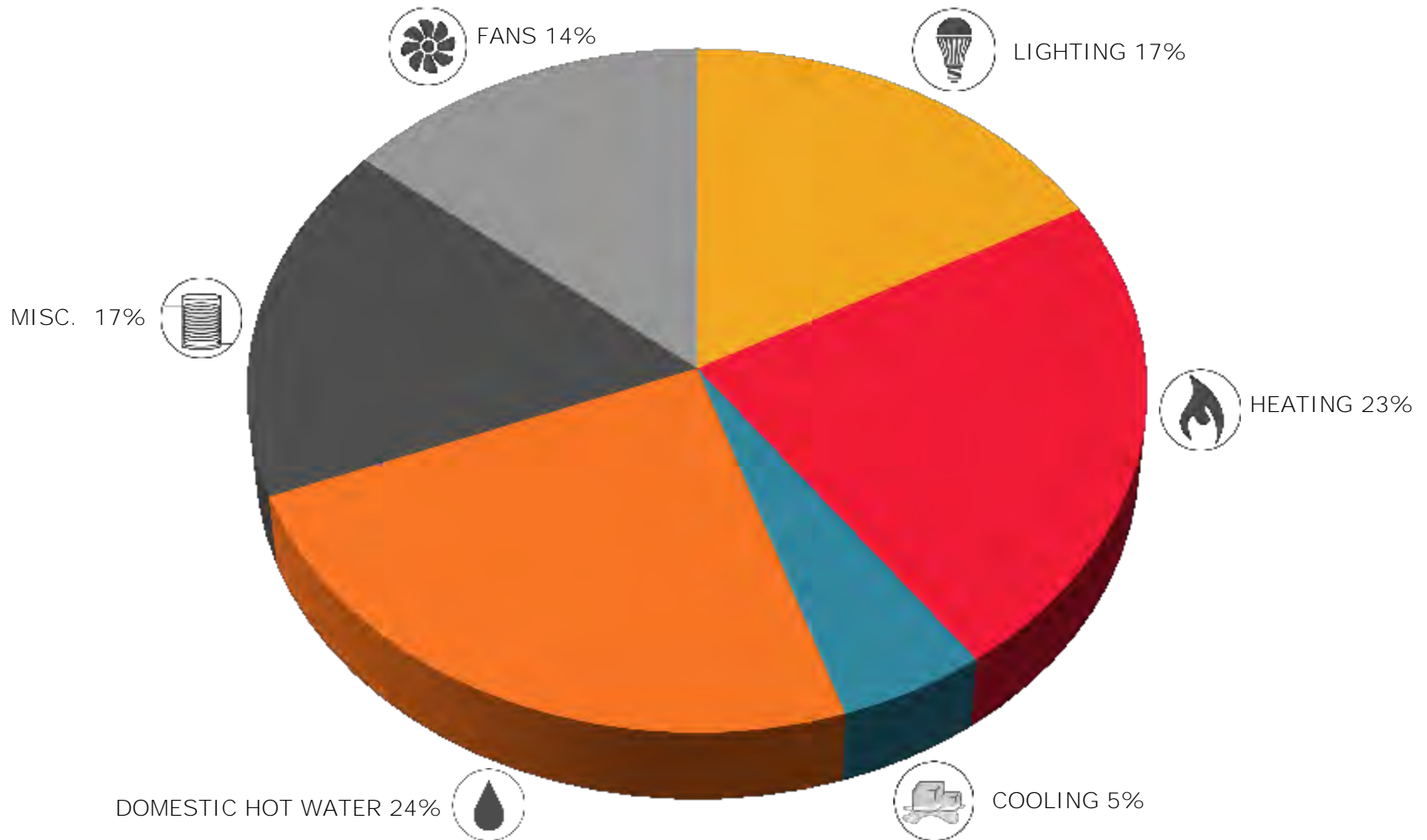
MINERGIE-P®



Analyze the Climate

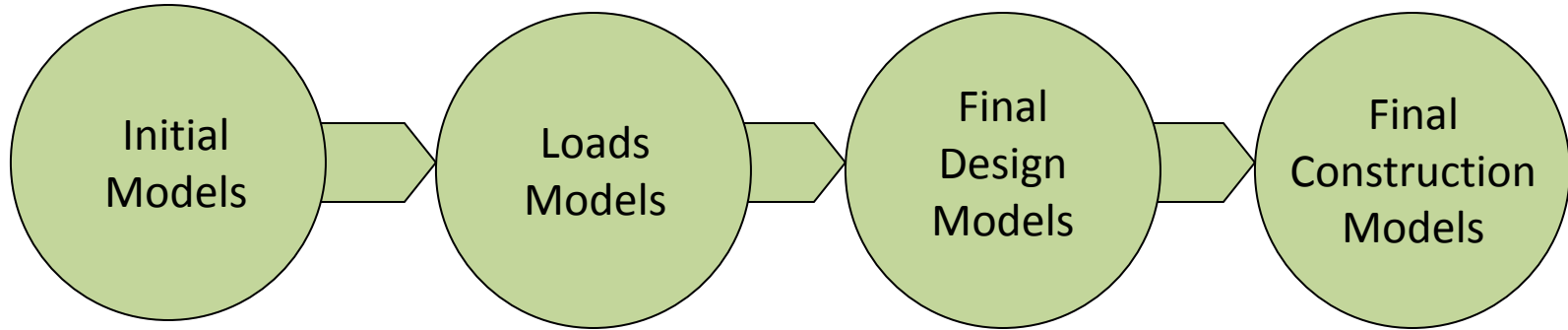


Reduce Energy Use



Typical Commercial Building

Energy Modeling



Schematic
Design:

Explore energy
strategies
(insulation,
windows, mass,
lighting, heat
pumps)

Design
Development:

Size Heat Pump
(7.5 tons)

Construction
Documents:

Minimum
renewable
energy system
size (8.3 kW)

Review lighting
system design
(0.65 Watts/SF)

Construction
and
Occupancy:

LEED

External
incentives

As-built

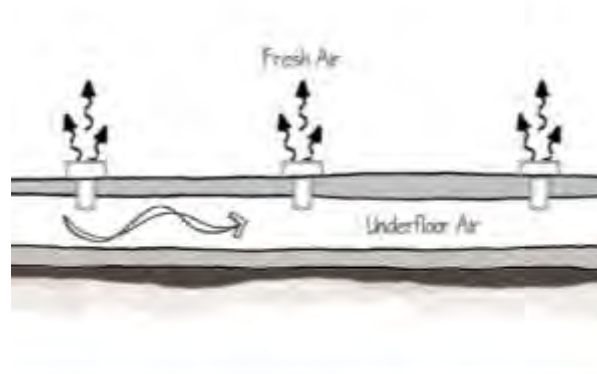
Energy Modeling

- Used to Develop and Test Design
- Evolved in Step with Design
- Used Sounding Board to Push for Design Revision as Needed
- Used to Understand the Heating and Cooling Loads
- Used to Iteratively Test Design Strategies that Reduce Loads to Validate Passive Design Solutions (insulation, mass, natural ventilation, daylighting)

Choose Efficient Systems



Radiant Floor



Underfloor Air



Natural Ventilation



Geothermal



Radiant Ceilings



VRF

Choose Efficient Systems – Painters Hall

- Wall (R-19) and attic insulation (R-30)
- Air-tight Construction (0.02 cfm/sf)
- Window replacement (U-0.32)
- Ultra-efficient electric lighting (0.72 w/sf)
- Daylighting / occupancy sensors / reflective colors
- Passive ventilation and cooling
- Zonal supplemental heating (to support off-hour use)
- Point of use water heaters
- On-site Photovoltaic System (20.2 kW installed)
- Well-water coupled heat pumping (6-ton GSHP)

Painters Hall

District Geothermal Loop

RESIDENTIAL LOTS

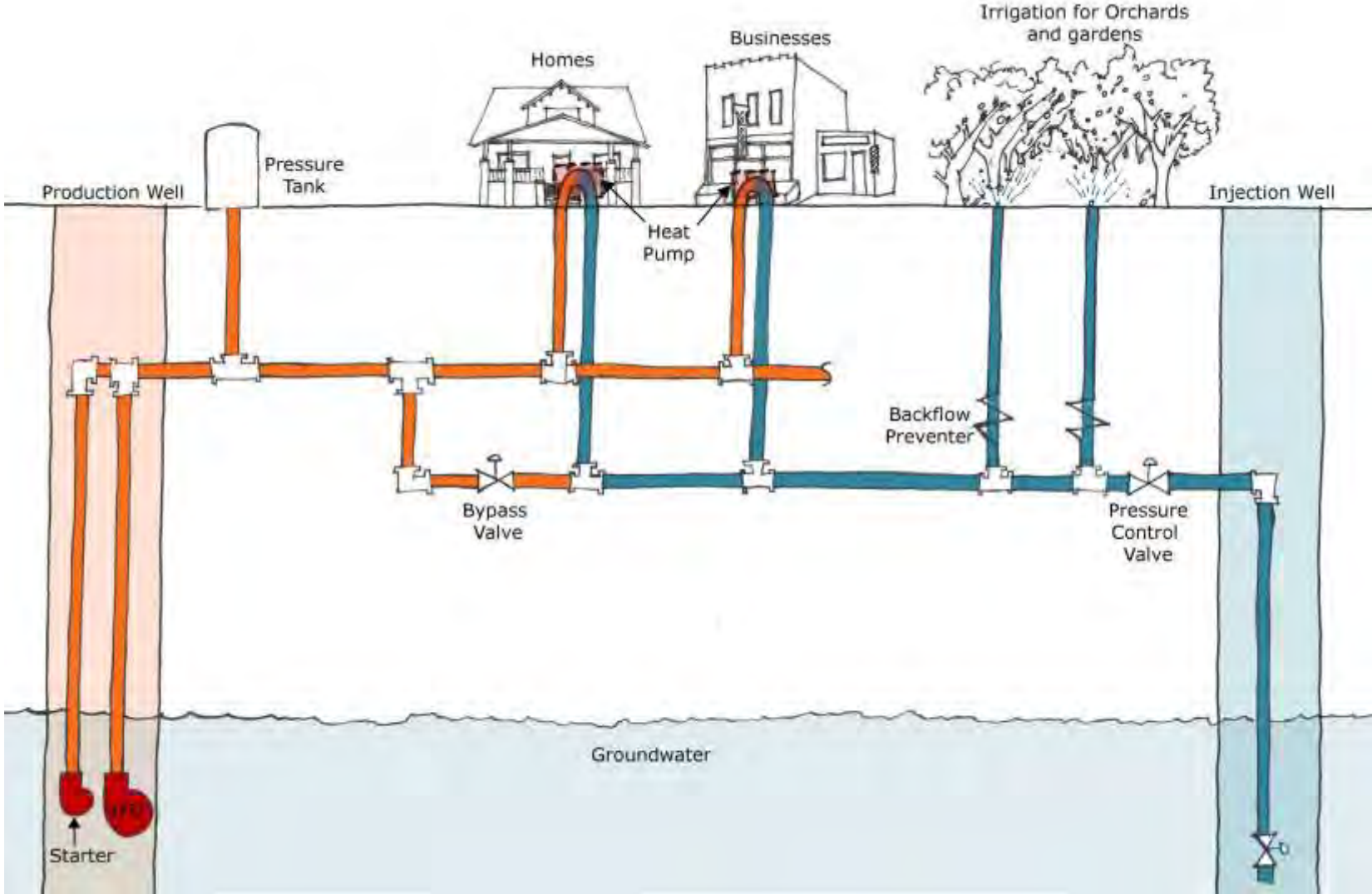


Pringle Creek
COMMUNITY

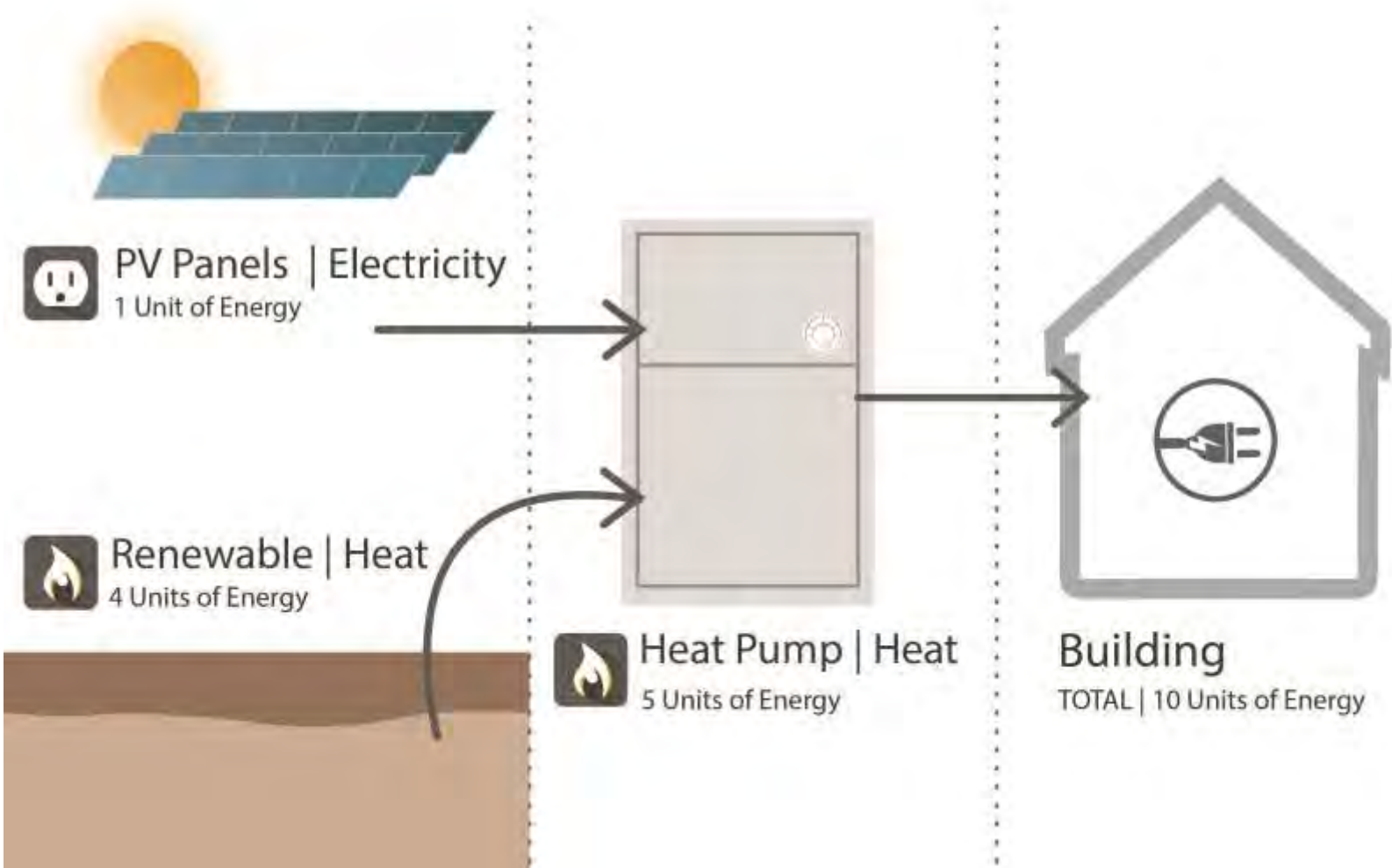
- ④ 0' 2012
- COMMONS RESIDENTIAL LOT DESIGN
- 40' 2012-13



Painters Hall – District Geo-Exchange System



Painters Hall – Harvester of Renewables



Opt for Renewable Energy



Renewables – Painters Hall PV

- System Capacity = 20.2 kW
- System cost: \$210,901.
- Incentives: \$163,669.
- Depreciation: \$61,012.
- Value of kWh: \$2,743/yr
- 4 Year Return
- Savings by 2014: \$24,752
- Savings by 2030: \$68,640



Roof Tilt: 26 degrees
Azimuth: 205 degrees
96 SANYO 210N panels

Renewables - Painters Hall Geothermal Loop

- Significant energy savings
Painters Hall HVAC 3,219 kWh
or \$360 for year.
- Cost of infrastructure 90%
lower, as a shared resource for
neighborhood.
- Some homeowners seeing a
\$250 heating and air
conditioning cost for the entire
year.



Verify Performance



Testing &
Commissioning



Post-occupancy
Evaluation



Measurement &
Verification

Painters Hall – Actual Performance





PAINTERS HALL

Sales | CW

OVERVIEW

-  PLACE
-  ENLGRY
-  EQUITY
-  BEAUTY

CERTIFIED PETAL PAINTERS HALL

Painters Hall is Pringle Creek's Community Center, Café, Office, art gallery, and event venue. Originally built in the 1930's, Painters Hall was renovated to LEED Platinum Net Zero Energy Building standards in 2010, demonstrating the potential of converting existing building stock into high-performance, sustainable building sites. Painters Hall features simple low-cost solutions for energy reduction, such as natural daylighting and passive cooling lighting, that save money and increase comfort. A district ground-source geothermal loop serves the building's GSHP for highly efficient heating and air conditioning. Excess generation from the 20.2 kW rooftop solar array offsets pumping for the neighborhoods geo loop system. Key pieces of furniture were fashioned out of heavy timbers and slats from trees milled onsite. Materials collected from deconstructed buildings onsite were incorporated into the renovation of Painters Hall, and the building's Zero Waste Initiative significantly reduces garbage produced by events and activities. Open to the public,



LEED BD+C: New Construction v2 - LEED 2.2 Pringle Creek Community Center

201 Village Center Dr. SE
Salmon, OR 97135
United States
View

LEED
PLATINUM
2009

Overview Scorecard Stories

LEED Scorecard

Platinum 58/69

- Share on Twitter
- Share on Facebook
- Share on LinkedIn
- Print

SUSTAINABLE SITES	11 OF 14	
WATER EFFICIENCY	4 OF 5	
ENERGY & ATMOSPHERE	15 OF 17	
MATERIAL & RESOURCES	90 OF 13	
INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY	13 OF 15	
INNOVATION	5 OF 5	

DOWNLOAD SCORECARD

LEED Facts

By LEED BD+C: New Construction (v2.2)

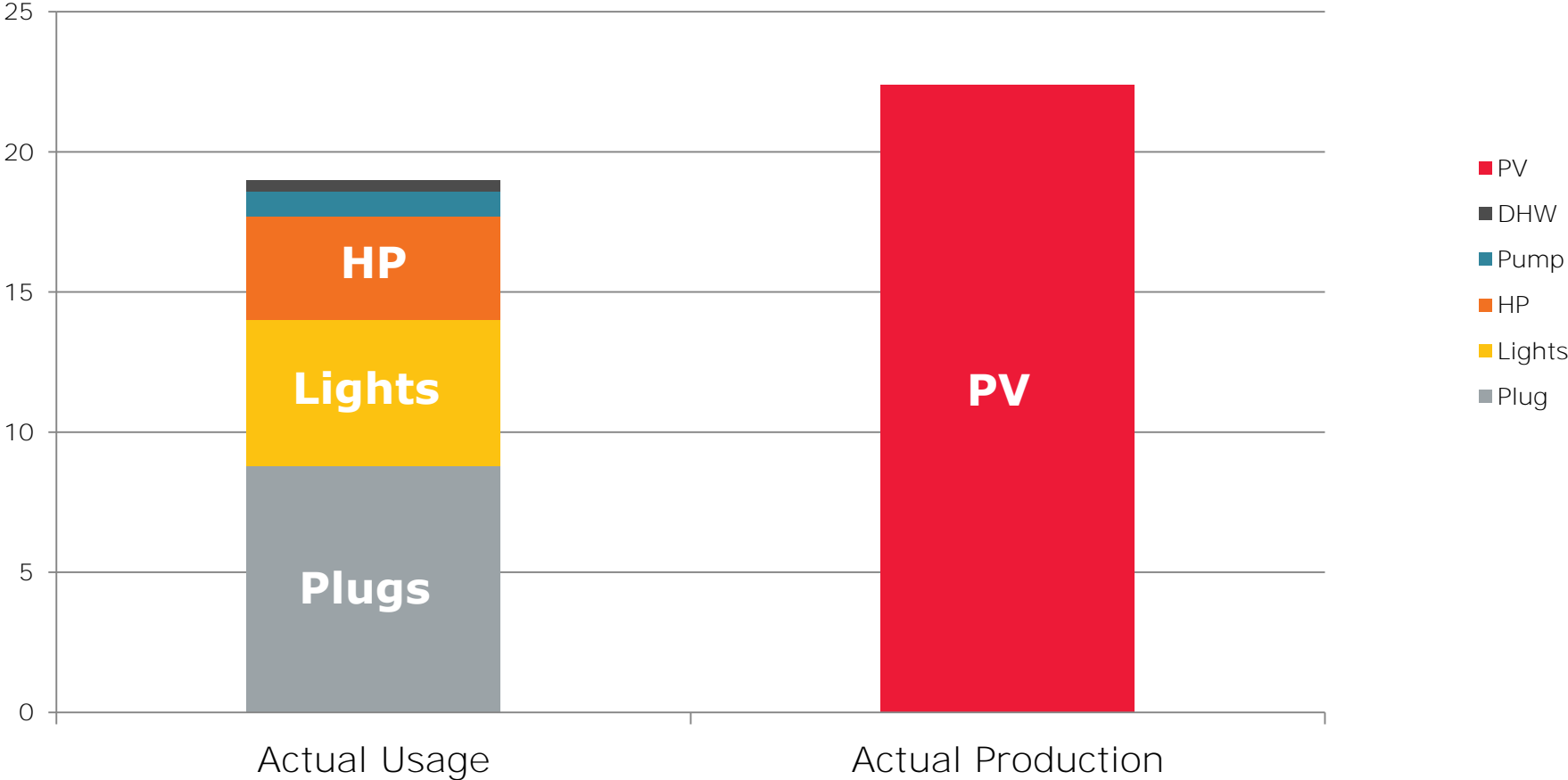
Certification awarded May 2011

Platinum	58
Sustainable silver	53/58
Water efficiency	4/5
Energy & atmosphere	15/17
Material & resources	90/13
Indoor environmental quality	13/15
Innovation	5/5

Painters Hall

Actual Performance

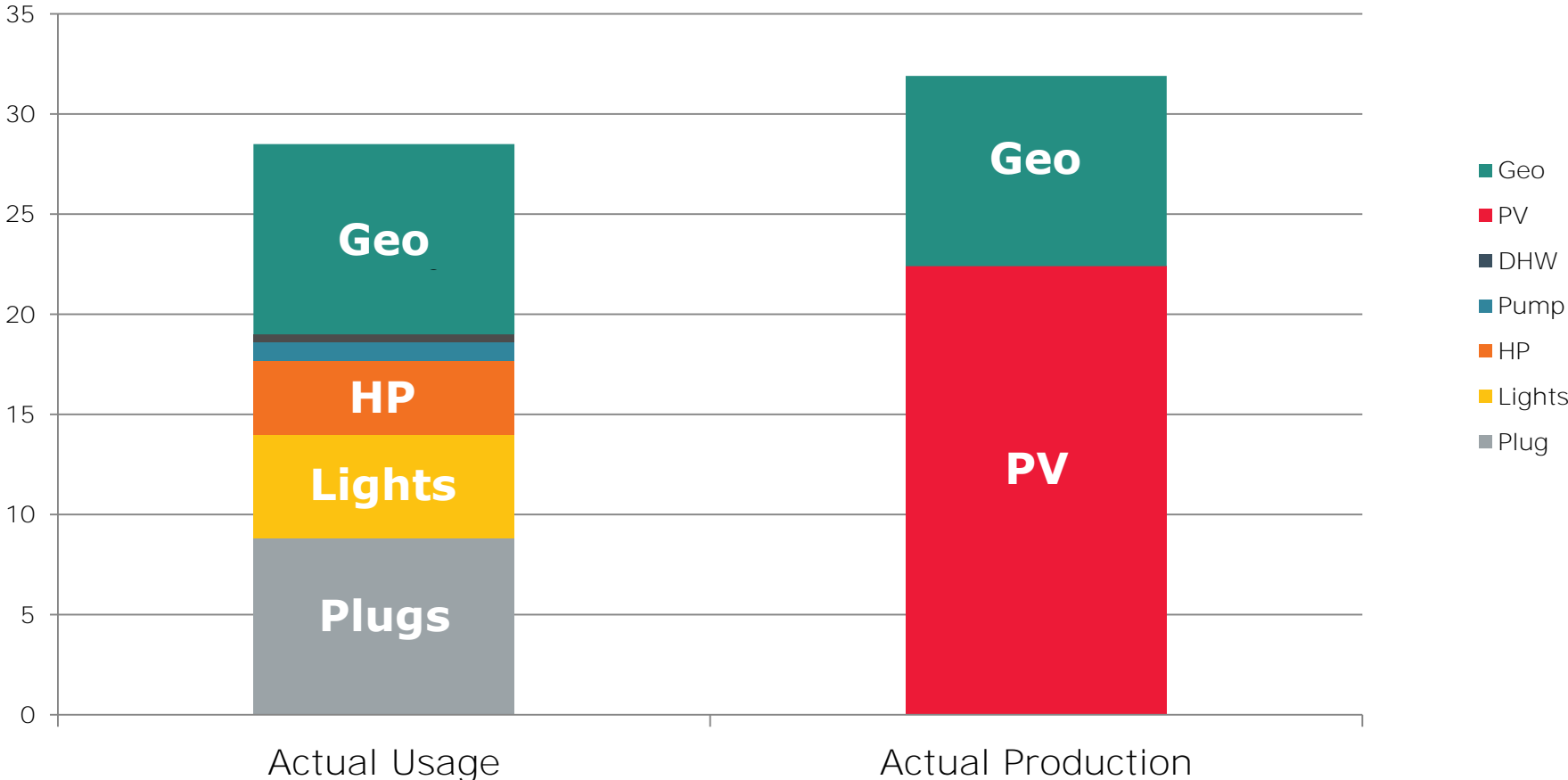
Painter's Hall EUI



Painters Hall

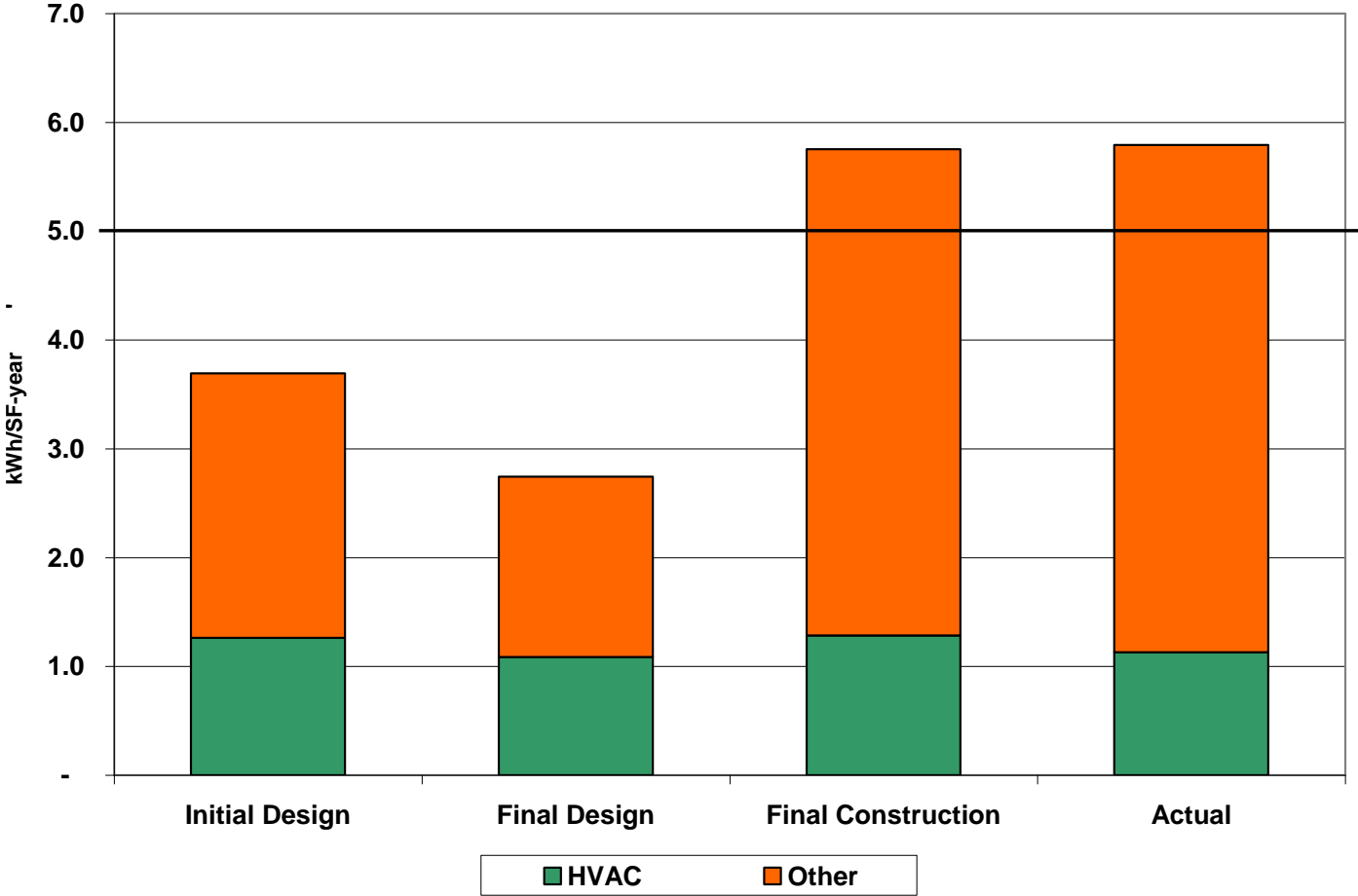
Actual Performance

“Hidden” Geothermal Energy



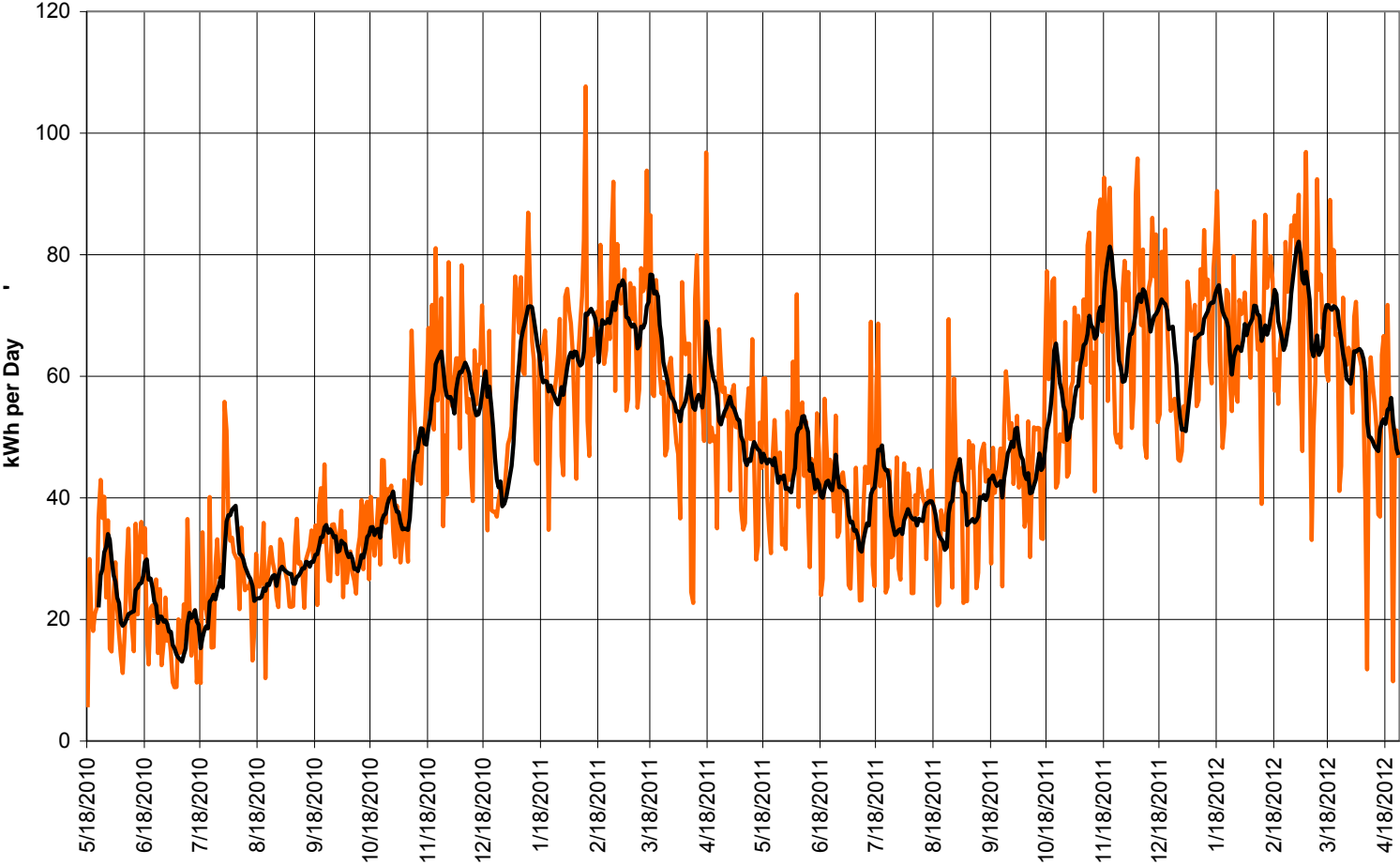
Painters Hall

Modeled vs. Actual Energy Use



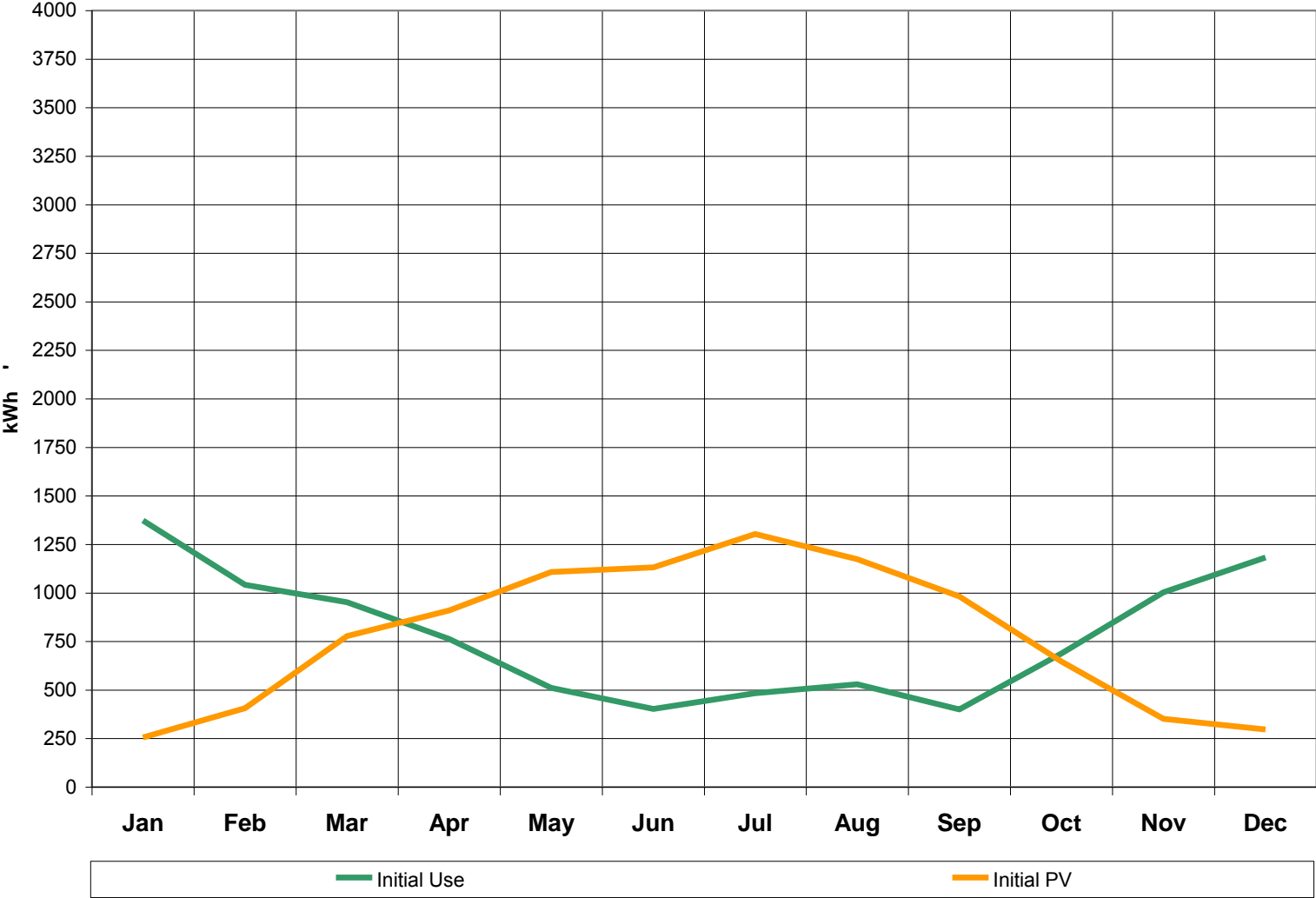
Painters Hall

Building Energy Use (May 2010 – April 2012)



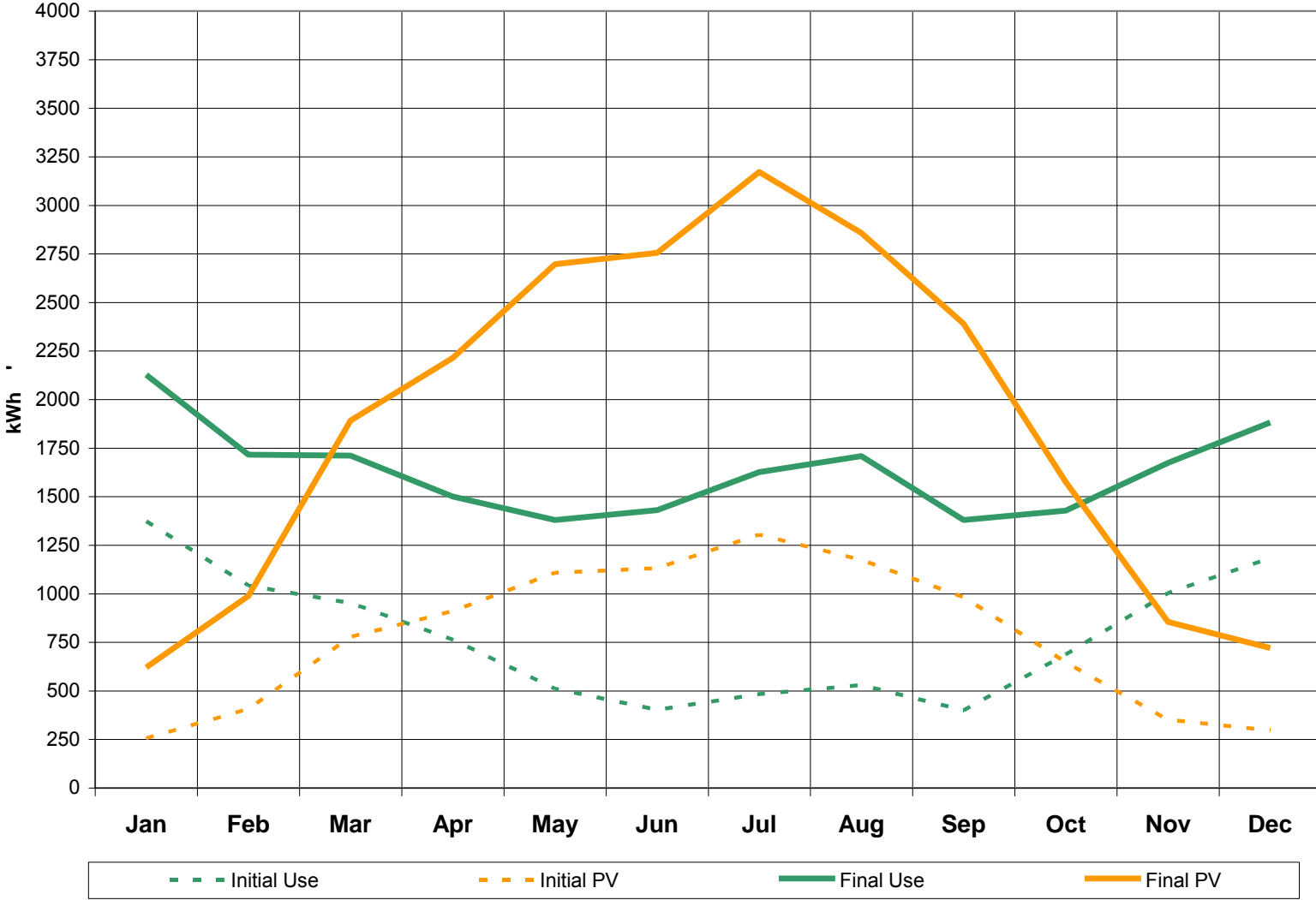
Painters Hall

Initial Models



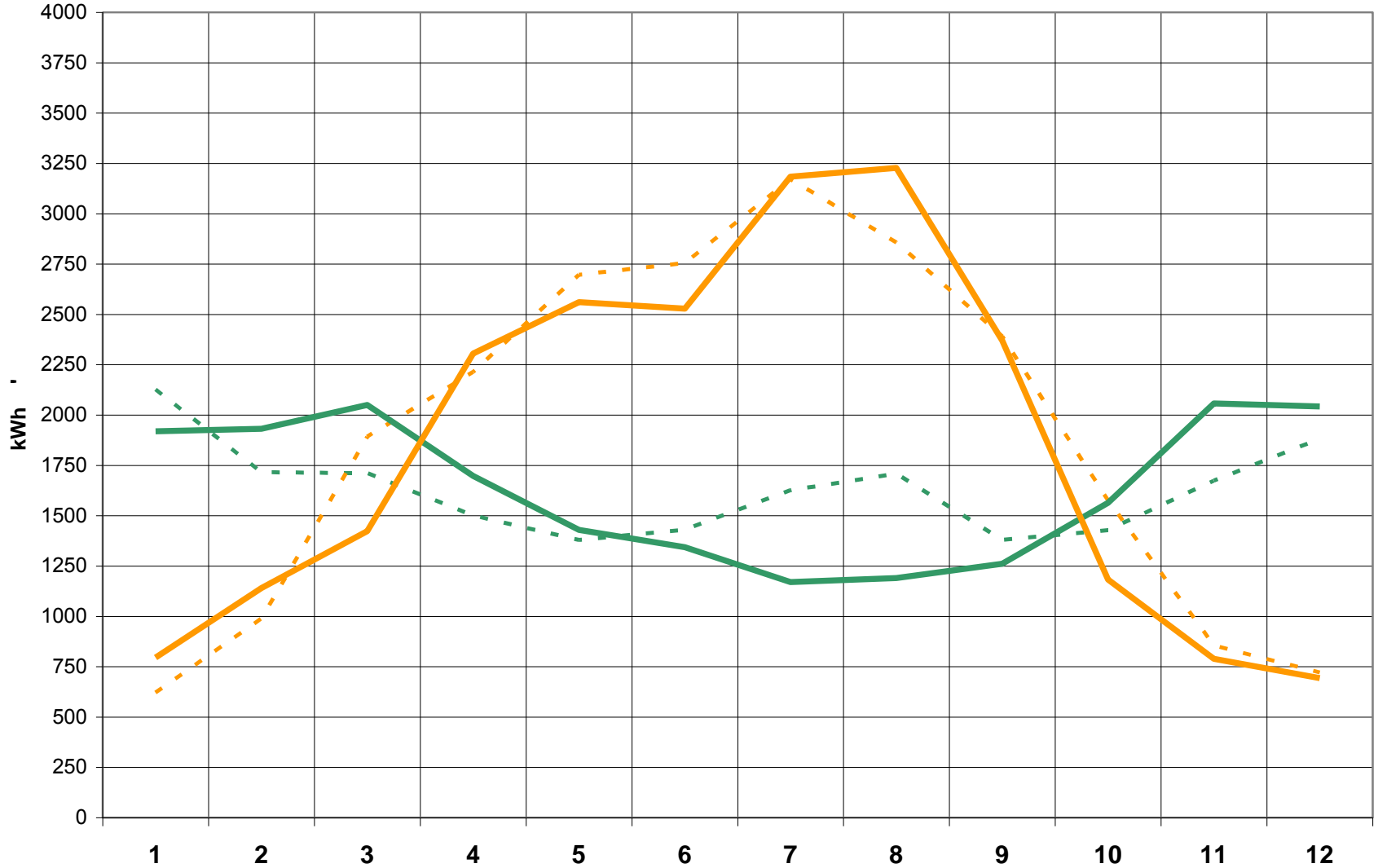
Painters Hall

Initial vs. Final Models

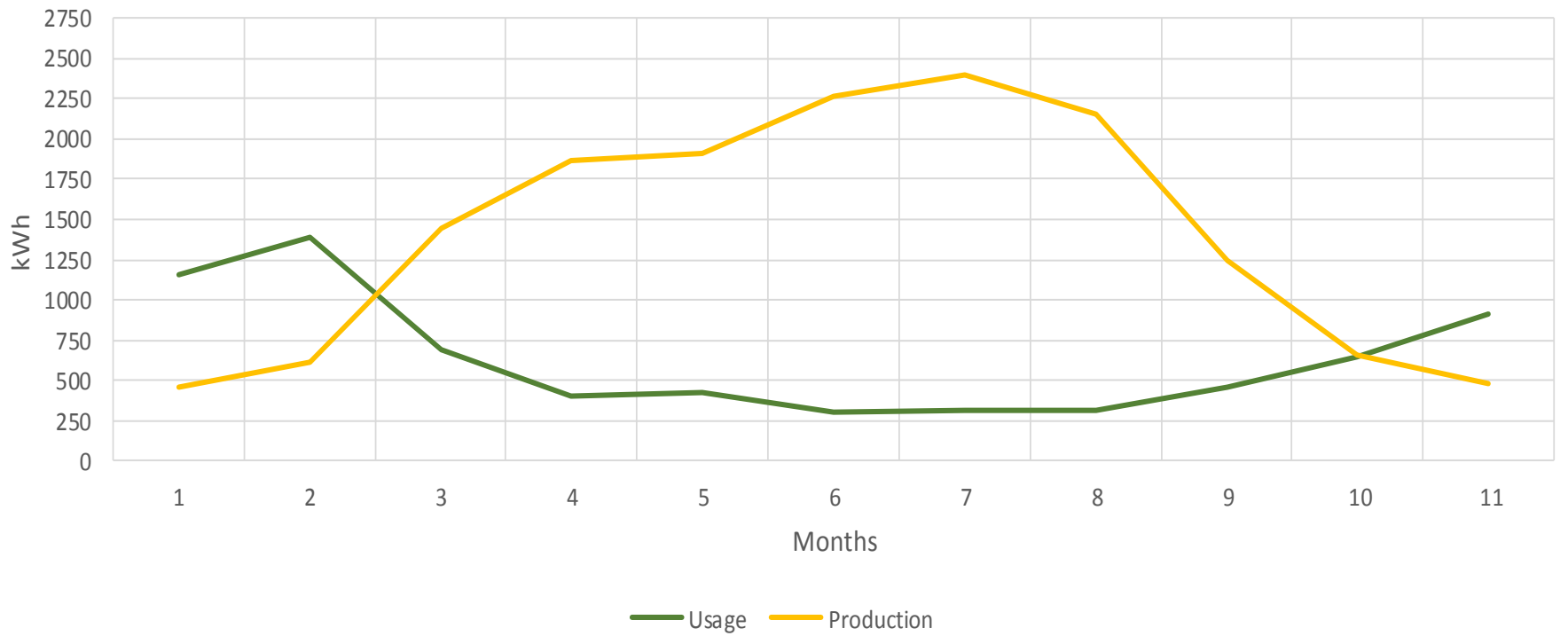


Painters Hall

Final Model vs. Actual



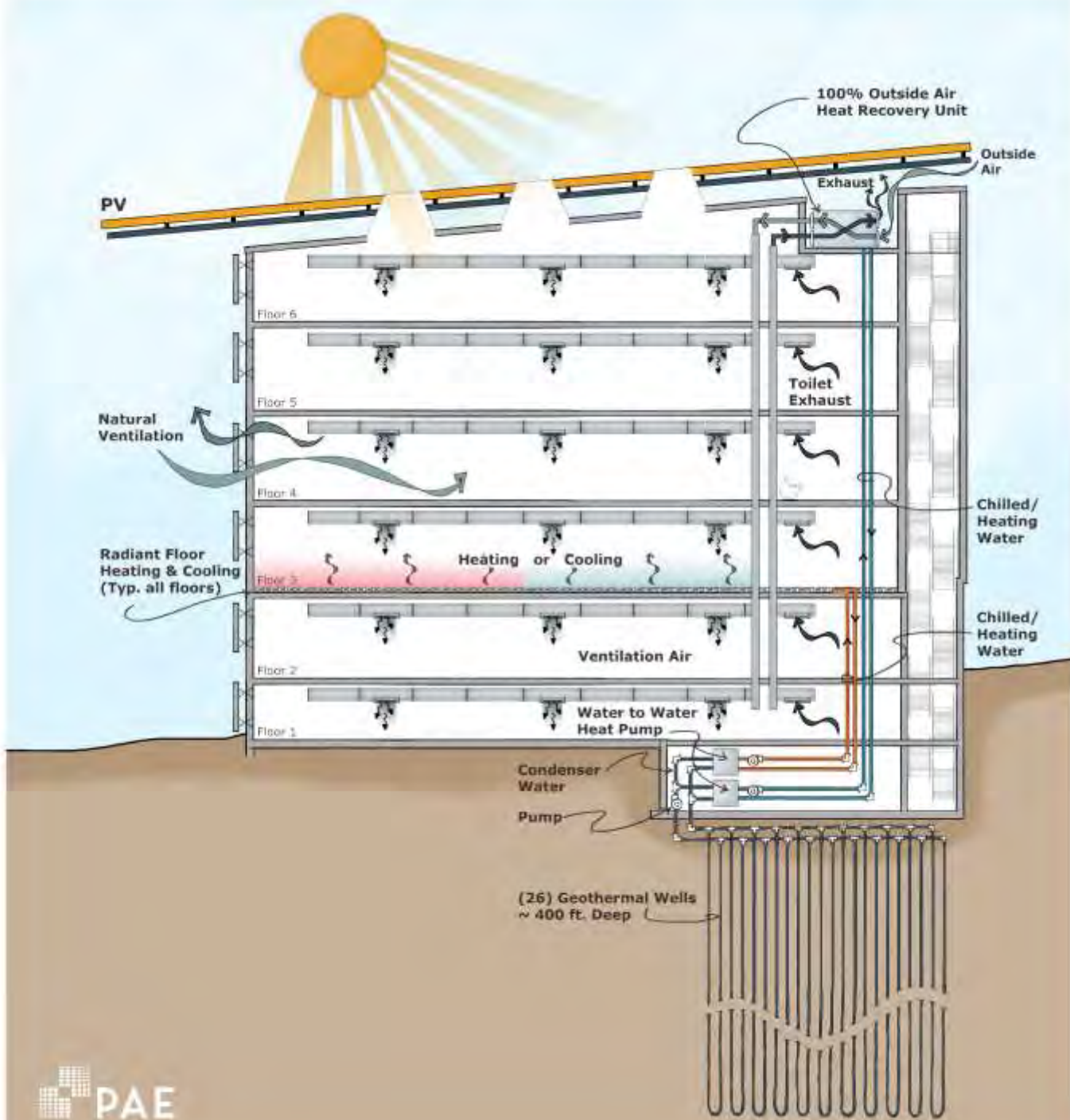
2016



The image shows the Bullitt Center, a modern building with a prominent white, grid-like canopy structure. The building is surrounded by lush green trees. A large white rectangular box is overlaid on the center of the image, containing the text 'Case Study: The Bullitt Center'.

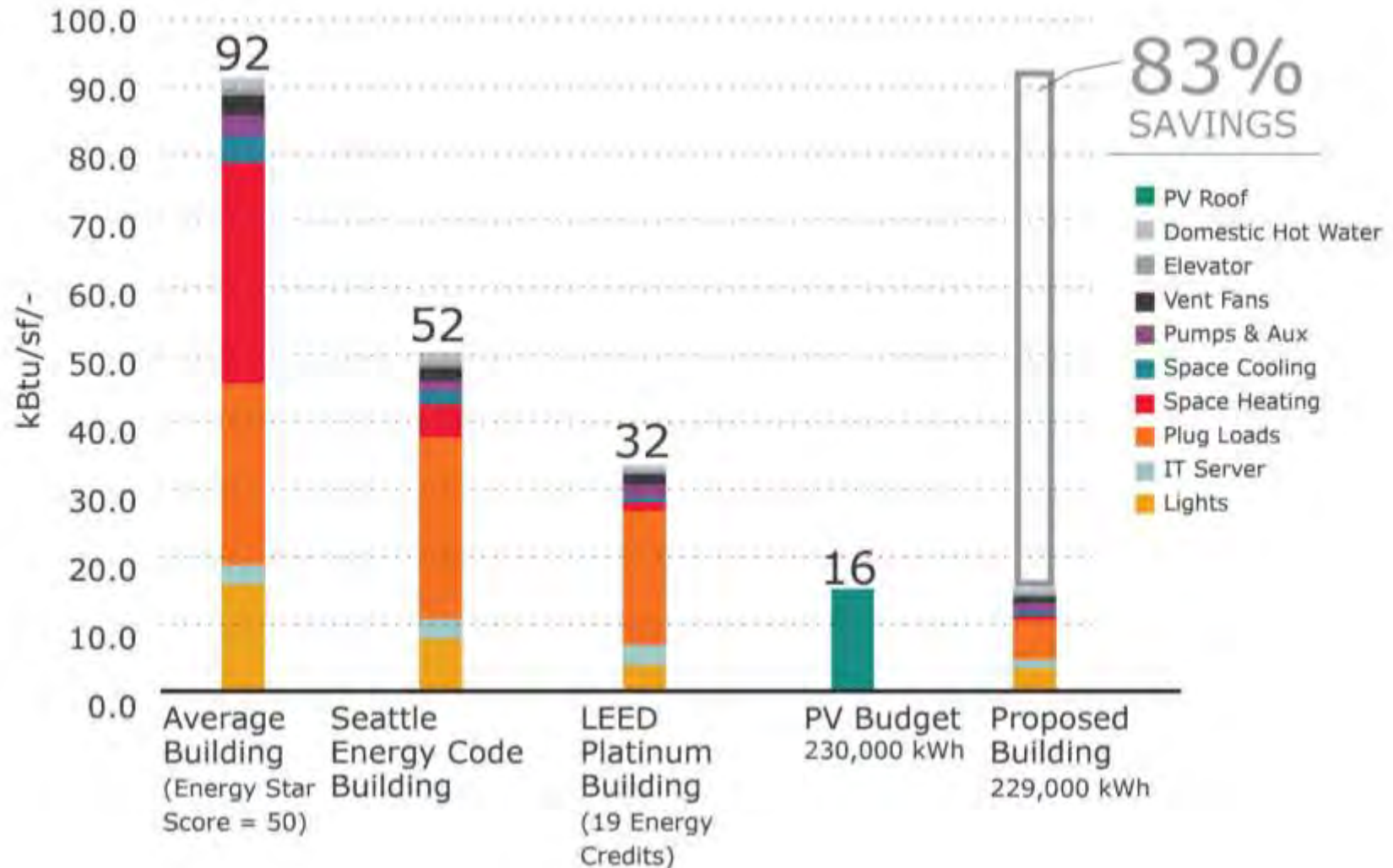
Case Study: The Bullitt Center





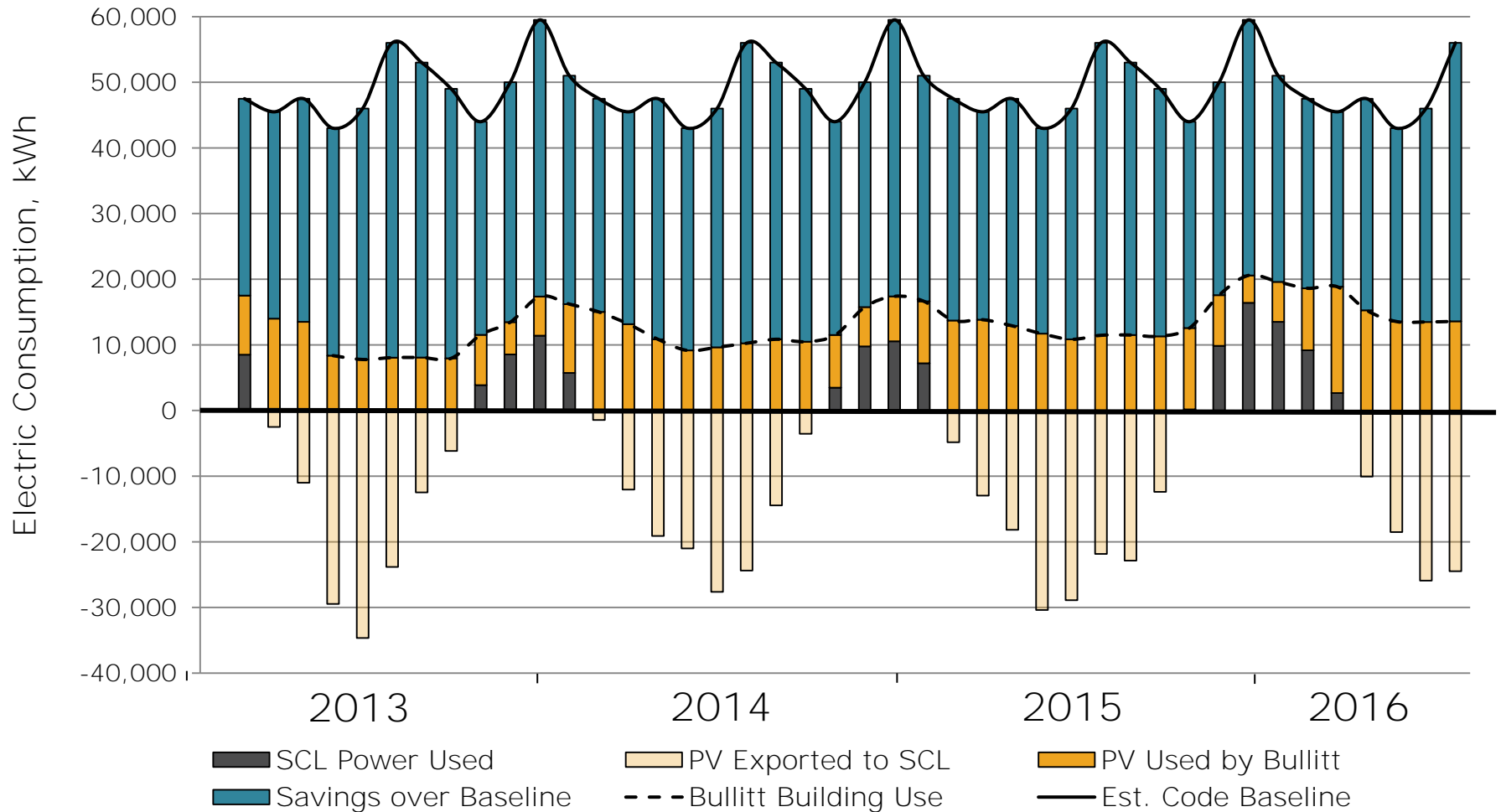
Net Zero Energy in Seattle

Energy Use + Solar Budget



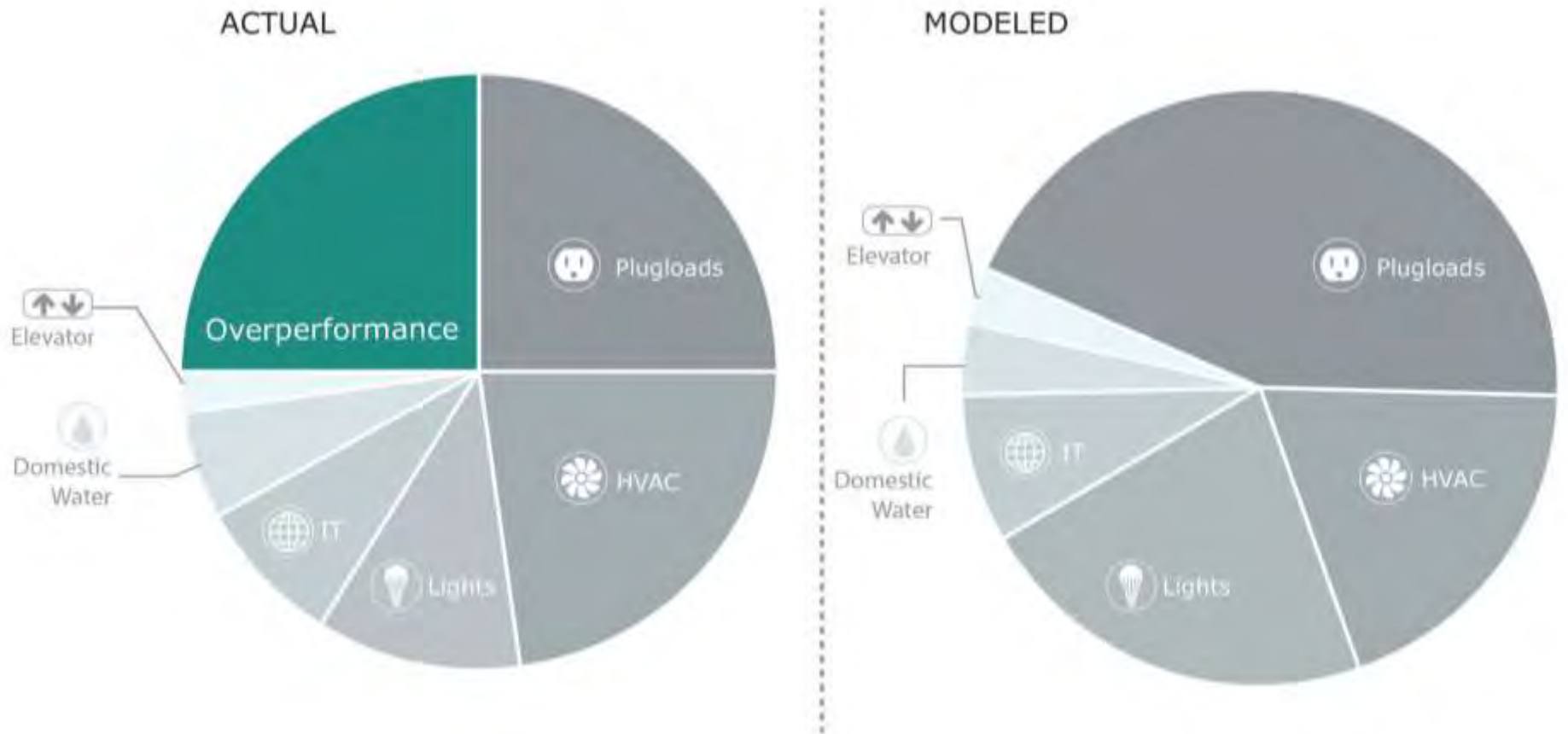
Bullitt Center Performance

Predicted vs. Actual



Bullitt Center Performance

Modeled and Actual





Painters Hall Post-Occupancy

Value of Existing Building



Renovation Cost (3200 sf)

Time, materials, labor, FF&E:	\$404,485
Design, engineering, LEED, NZEB:	\$39,922
Site, landscaping, concrete, paint:	\$7,617

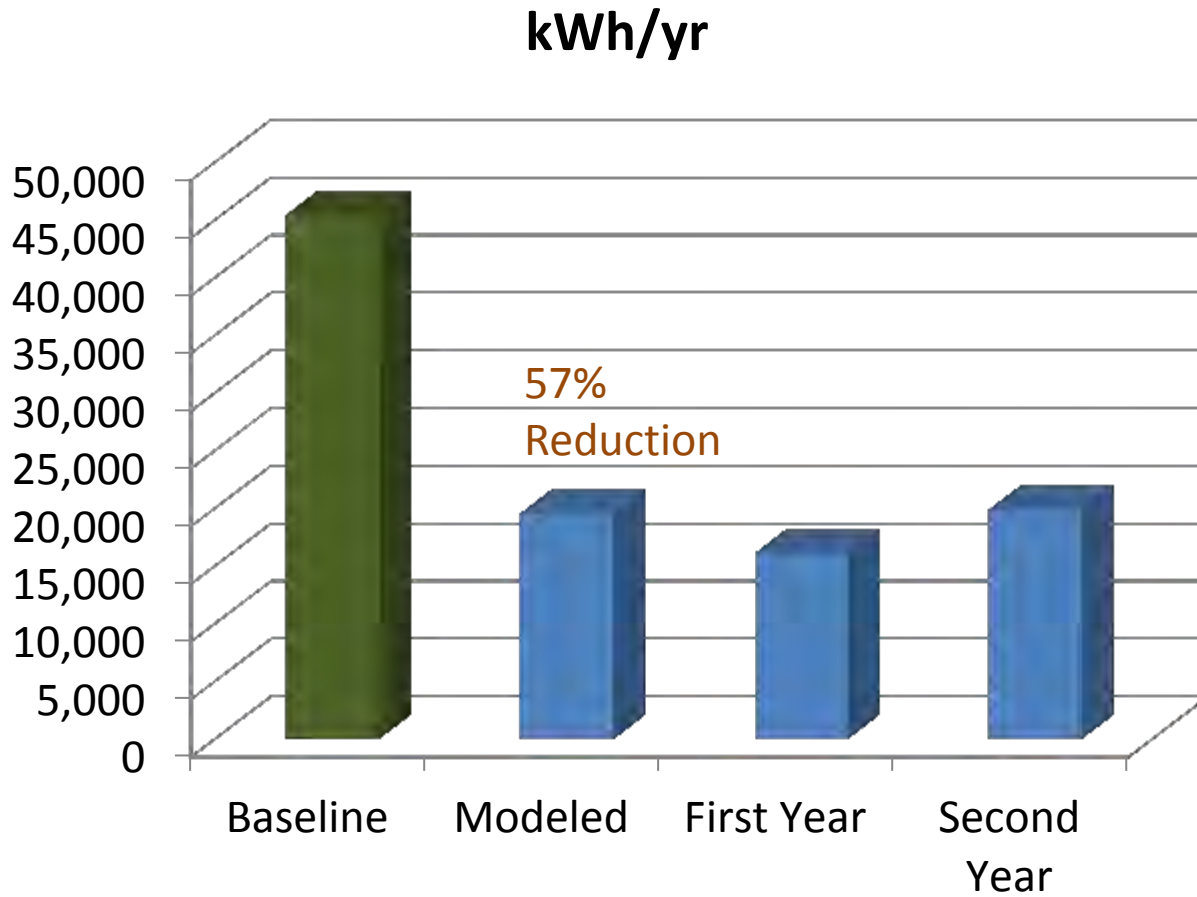


Total: \$485,288 (\$151psf)

+ Land 0.32 acre: \$111,140

Grand TOTAL: \$596,428 (\$186 psf)

Operational Cost



Cost: \$2,385
per year

Savings of
around
\$3,064 per
year or 56%
reduction

OPERATIONAL COSTS

- Baseline: 60,578 kWh/yr
- Projected: 19,565 kWh
 - 68% reduction from baseline.
- Actual: 15,292 kWh
 - 22% further reduction.
- Overall energy use reduction: 75%
- Annual energy savings: around \$5,434 per year.



Typical Week: Blue is our “net”

File Edit Export Advanced Help

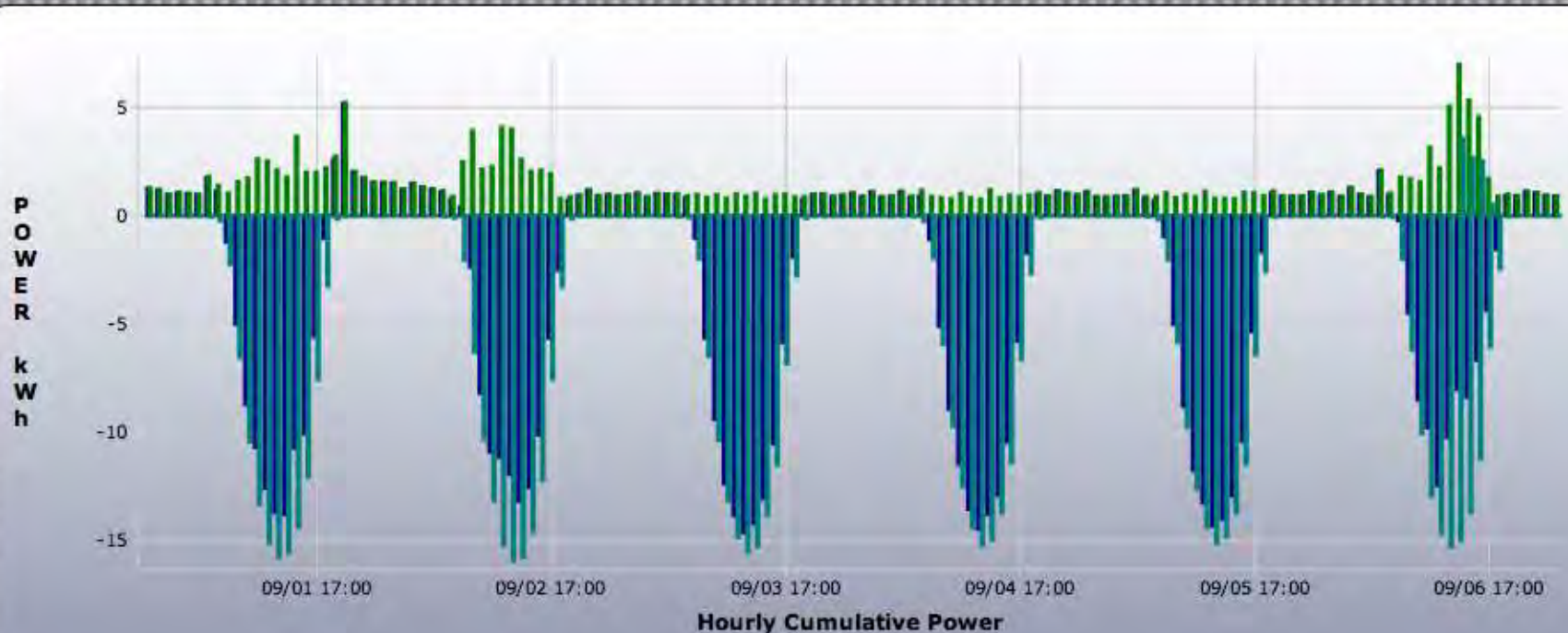


LIVE DASHBOARD

HISTORY

GRAPHING

LOAD PROFILE



HISTORY REPORT SELECTION

DATE SELECTION

INSTRUCTIONS

Typical Morning & Early Afternoon

File Edit Export Advanced Help



LIVE DASHBOARD

HISTORY

GRAPHING

LOAD PRO



Typical Morning & Early Afternoon

File Edit Export Advanced Help



LIVE DASHBOARD

HISTORY

GRAPHING

LOAD PRO





La San Marco

AUTHORIZED MERCHANTS ONLY

5,293 kWh per year! 25% of total building consumption. 24 PV Panels – \$35,000

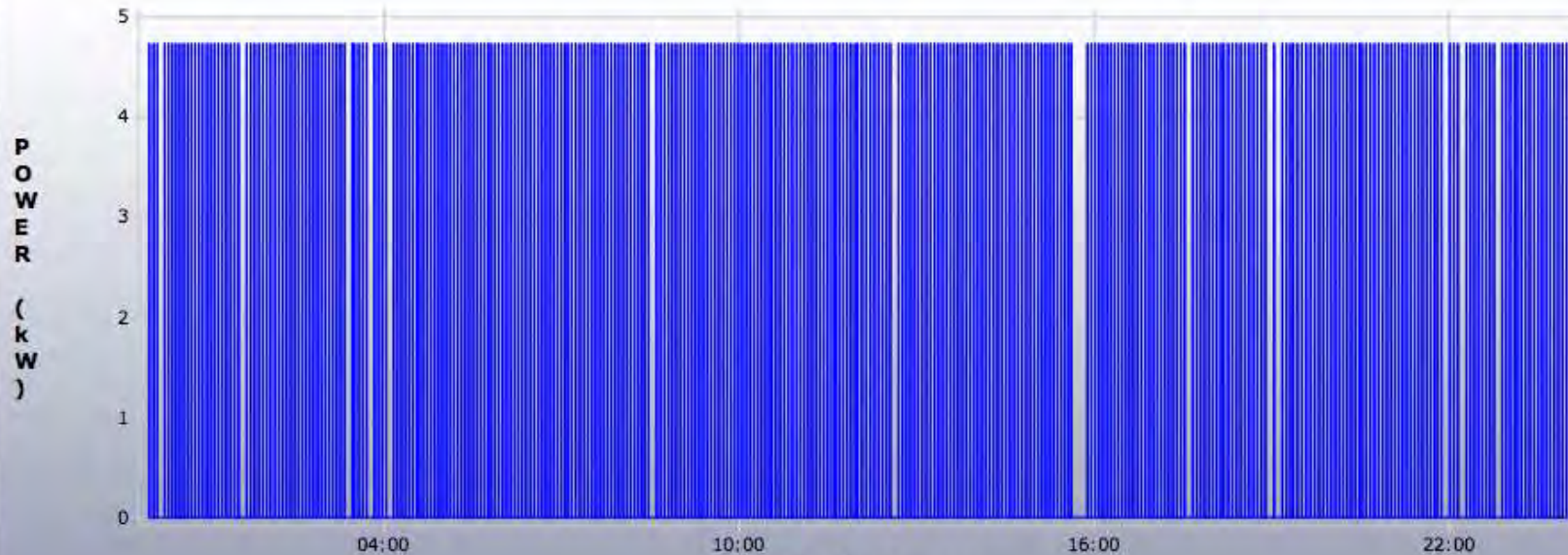


LIVE DASHBOARD

HISTORY

GRAPHING

LOAD PROFILE



Load Profile: Espresso

Run Time: 2.92 hours

Total Cost: \$1.74

LOAD PROFILE DATE

Select Date: February 05, 2012

DEVICE STATUS

HVAC OFF
Hot Water OFF
Espresso OFF
CHW OFF

Equity Imperative 16: Human Scale + Human Places





Pringle Creek
COMMUNITY

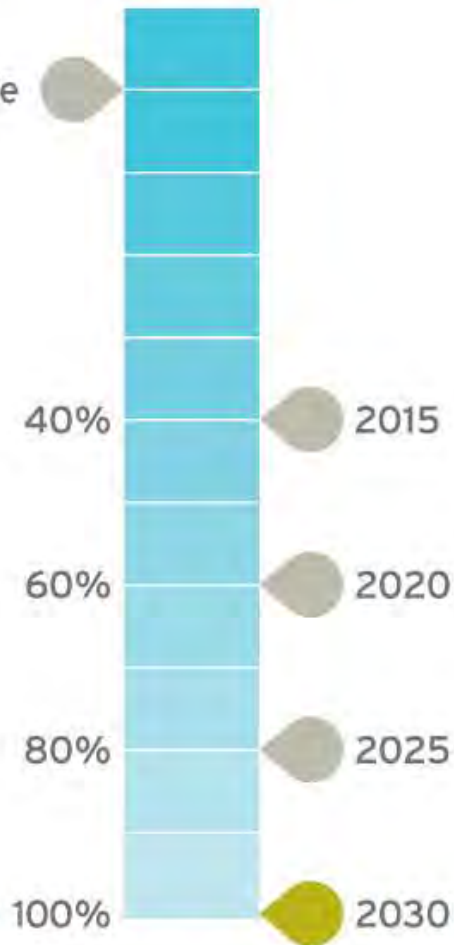
www.pringlecreek.com

Energy Trust, New Buildings Path to Net Zero Incentives

PERCENT SAVINGS
ABOVE OREGON CODE

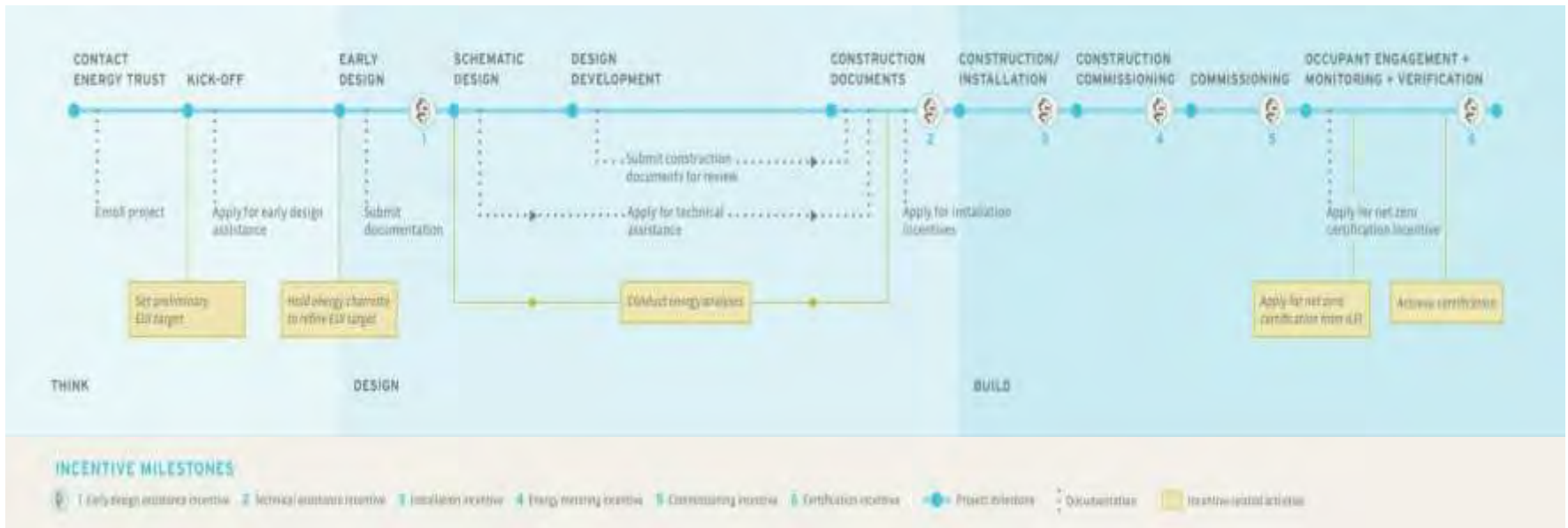
2030 CHALLENGE
YEAR

Oregon code



It all adds up to zero

- Increased incentives for early design, technical assistance, installation and post-occupancy
- Technical resources and assistance from kick-off through occupancy
- Incentives for net-zero certification



Path to Net Zero

- Increased incentives for early design, technical assistance, installation and post-occupancy
- Technical resources and assistance from start to finish
- Incentives for net-zero certification

Chemeketa Applied Technology Building

Path to Net Zero high-efficiency
academic building, featuring:

- High efficiency hot water heating
- Improved building envelope
- Daylighting with lower light levels
- Heat recovery
- Natural ventilation

Energy Trust incentives: \$78,400

Estimated annual savings:

133,829 kWh and 7,253 therms

Estimated utility cost savings:

\$16,500/year



Solar Resources for Public Buildings

Solar Trade Allies

- Provide expertise in solar technology
- Complete incentive paperwork

Cash Incentives

- Solar Feasibility—Up to \$1,700
- Solar Installation—Up to \$150,000



Questions?