

Report Of Independent Auditors And Financial Statements

Energy Trust Of Oregon, Inc.

December 31, 2022 and 2021



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Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors
Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc.

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc., which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc. as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the combined financial statements, in 2022, Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc. adopted new accounting guidance Accounting Standards Codification Topic 842, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

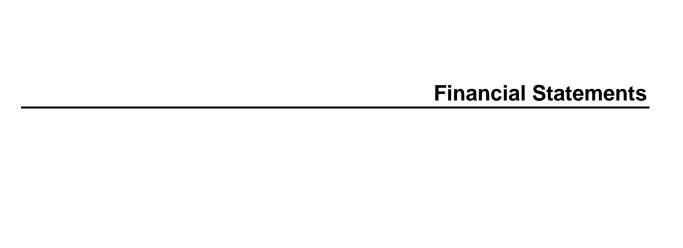
- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Portland, Oregon

Moss Adams IIP

April 6, 2023



Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc. Statements of Financial Position December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021									
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Notes receivable, net of allowance Advances paid to contractor Prepaid expenses Property and equipment, net Right of use lease asset Other assets Total assets	\$ 113,276,676 218,587 1,282,331 2,035,297 580,131 660,287 2,350,647 1,478,013 \$ 121,881,969	\$ 75,475,435 3,957,122 1,282,331 2,171,668 461,368 651,551 - 1,739,803 \$ 85,739,278									
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS											
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSE	.10										
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and related expenses Deferred rent liability Deferred revenue Lease liability	\$ 25,344,637 2,183,757 - 1,858,825 3,184,561	\$ 17,856,251 2,452,246 1,046,982 -									
Total liabilities	32,571,780	21,355,479									
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 11)											
NET ASSETS Without donor restrictions Undesignated Designated	78,969,922 10,340,267	54,101,524 10,282,275									
Total net assets	89,310,189	64,383,799									
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 121,881,969	\$ 85,739,278									

Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc. Statements of Activities

Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Funding revenue		
Funding revenue OPUC grant agreement	\$ 202,296,131	\$ 190,375,239
NW Natural for Washington	3,150,874	3,000,874
Contracts and grants	1,309,626	752,362
Other revenue	-	41,380
		,000
Total funding revenue	206,756,631	194,169,855
Interest income and investment returns		
Interest and dividend income, net of amortization	406,363	151,937
Interest on notes receivable	13,750	10,903
Unrealized gain on deferred compensation assets	233	3,305
Total interest income and investment returns	420,346	166,145
Total revenues	207,176,977	194,336,000
Evnance		
Expenses Program expenses		
OPUC energy efficiency programs	149,270,003	153,947,913
OPUC renewable resources programs	18,033,094	17,222,552
Washington program	3,116,023	2,915,914
Contracts and grants	849,216	430,789
Communication and gramme		,
Total program expenses	171,268,336	174,517,168
Administrative expenses		
Management and general	6,256,678	5,392,363
Communication and general outreach	4,704,999	3,788,407
S	, ,	, ,
Total administrative expenses	10,961,677	9,180,770
Fund development expenses	20,574	13,577
Total expenses	182,250,587	183,711,515
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	24,926,390	10,624,485
NET ASSETS, beginning of year	64,383,799	53,759,314
NET ASSETS, end of year	\$ 89,310,189	\$ 64,383,799

Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc. Statement of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	_	PUC Energy Efficiency Programs	JC Renewable Resources Programs	s Washington				Total Program Expenses		Management and General		Communication and General Outreach				Fund Development		Total Expenses	
EXPENSES																			
Incentives	\$	79,099,765	\$ 12,854,120	\$	1,956,939	\$	141,764	\$ 94,0	52,588	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	94,052,588
Program delivery subcontracts		54,511,533	754,866		703,349		105,515	56,0	75,263		-		-		-		-		56,075,263
Employee salaries and fringe benefits		7,540,335	2,038,255		290,468		427,159	10,2	96,217		4,754,054		2,767,644		7,521,698		20,574		17,838,489
Agency contractor services		620,828	292,074		4,895		85,938	1,0	03,735		303,385		109,643		413,028		-		1,416,763
Planning and evaluation services		3,127,604	94,490		22,869		-	3,2	44,963		1,204		33,702		34,906		-		3,279,869
Advertising and marketing services		1,522,400	252,435		2,500		833	1,7	78,168		1,000		1,347,468		1,348,468		-		3,126,636
Other professional services		1,787,616	1,225,209		42,714		34,862	3,0	90,401		664,470		94,918		759,388		-		3,849,789
Travel, meetings, trainings, and																			
conferences		79,576	27,600		4,035		3,597	1	14,808		45,074		45,359		90,433		-		205,241
Dues, licenses, and fees		119,105	18,180		60,809		28	1	98,122		31,185		40,193		71,378		-		269,500
Software and hardware		173,406	296,873		4,963		9,546	4	84,788		80,742		48,719		129,461		-		614,249
Depreciation and amortization		152,532	38,742		4,972		8,842	2	05,088		84,488		50,678		135,166		-		340,254
Office rent and equipment		499,103	133,603		16,665		29,629	6	79,000		260,412		156,773		417,185		-		1,096,185
Materials, postage, and telephone		27,992	6,647		845		1,503		36,987		20,693		9,902		30,595		-		67,582
Miscellaneous expenses		8,208	 <u>-</u>		-				8,208		9,971				9,971		-		18,179
Total expenses	\$	149,270,003	\$ 18,033,094	\$	3,116,023	\$	849,216	\$ 171,2	68,336	\$	6,256,678	\$	4,704,999	\$	10,961,677	\$	20,574	\$	182,250,587

Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc. Statement of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	_	PUC Energy Efficiency Programs	JC Renewable Resources Programs	٧	Washington Program		•		Total Program Expenses		Management and General		•		•		•		Communication and General Outreach		Total Iministrative Expenses	De	Fund velopment	Total Expenses
EXPENSES																								
Incentives	\$	89,015,829	\$ 12,827,158	\$	1,819,429	\$	40,867	\$ 103,703,283	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 103,703,283							
Program delivery subcontracts		50,793,887	620,396		680,416		72,869	52,167,568		-		-		-		-	52,167,568							
Employee salaries and fringe benefits		7,208,448	1,732,899		284,781		264,358	9,490,486		3,944,180		2,503,844		6,448,024		13,577	15,952,087							
Agency contractor services		798,787	90,154		6,518		1,201	896,660		504,515		75,804		580,319		-	1,476,979							
Planning and evaluation services		2,298,165	91,599		5,883		-	2,395,647		272		6,793		7,065		-	2,402,712							
Advertising and marketing services		1,378,035	219,425		51		1,400	1,598,911		-		863,898		863,898		-	2,462,809							
Other professional services		1,360,022	1,193,938		34,608		16,864	2,605,432		471,351		32,005		503,356		-	3,108,788							
Travel, meetings, trainings, and																								
conferences		12,492	4,720		221		929	18,362		31,356		11,435		42,791		-	61,153							
Dues, licenses, and fees		142,873	10,247		53,988		8	207,116		20,075		40,057		60,132		-	267,248							
Software and hardware		246,206	274,675		7,081		5,701	533,663		71,622		45,692		117,314		-	650,977							
Depreciation and amortization		176,143	30,868		5,383		5,217	217,611		65,539		40,874		106,413		-	324,024							
Office rent and equipment		461,426	121,757		16,702		20,578	620,463		258,515		161,229		419,744		-	1,040,207							
Materials, postage, and telephone		28,822	4,716		853		797	35,188		15,722		6,776		22,498		-	57,686							
Miscellaneous expenses		26,778	 				-	26,778		9,216				9,216			35,994							
Total expenses	\$	153,947,913	\$ 17,222,552	\$	2,915,914	\$	430,789	\$ 174,517,168	\$	5,392,363	\$	3,788,407	\$	9,180,770	\$	13,577	\$ 183,711,515							

Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc. Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from OPUC grant agreements Cash received from NW Natural for Washington Interest received Cash received from other sources Cash paid to contractors, suppliers, and employees	\$ 202,296,131 3,150,874 420,113 1,309,626 (169,026,513)	\$ 108,066,443 85,596,105 163,590 507,307 (193,914,874)
Net cash from operating activities	38,150,231	418,571
CASH FLOWS (USED IN) FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of property and equipment Sales and maturities of investments Issuance of notes receivable	(348,990)	(198,038) 5,168,914 (500,000)
Net cash (used in) from investing activities	(348,990)	4,470,876
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	37,801,241	4,889,447
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	75,475,435	70,585,988
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$ 113,276,676	\$ 75,475,435
RECONCILIATION OF INCREASE IN NET ASSETS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Increase in net assets Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash from operating activities	\$ 24,926,390	\$ 10,624,485
Depreciation and amortization	340,254	324,024
Unrealized gain on deferred compensation assets Net changes in	(233)	(3,305)
Other receivables Accrued interest receivable Advances paid to contractor Prepaid expenses Other assets Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued payroll and related expenses Right of use lease asset Right of use lease liability Deferred revenue Deferred rent liability	3,738,535 - 136,371 (118,763) 262,023 7,488,386 (268,489) (2,350,647) 3,184,561 1,858,825 (1,046,982)	(3,523,293) 750 (246,841) (85,145) (176,708) (6,511,687) 196,906 - - (180,615)
Net cash from operating activities	\$ 38,150,231	\$ 418,571

Note 1 - Organization

Energy Trust of Oregon, Inc. (Energy Trust), a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization, began collecting public purpose revenues in 2001. By the terms of its grant agreement with the Oregon Public Utility Commission (OPUC), it is charged with investing in cost-effective energy conservation, funding above-market costs of small-scale renewable energy resources, and encouraging energy efficiency market transformation efforts in Oregon.

All Energy Trust funds originally came from a 1999 energy restructuring law which required Oregon's two largest investor-owned electric utilities, Portland General Electric (PGE) and Pacific Power, to collect a three percent public purpose charge from their customers (the PPC). A majority of the PPC was transferred to Energy Trust by decisions of the OPUC, and the remainder was dedicated to electric energy conservation efforts in low-income housing and K-12 schools, as well as low-income housing improvements. Energy Trust launched its electric energy efficiency and renewable energy programs in 2002 for the benefit of PGE and Pacific Power customers.

In 2007, the public purpose charge legislation was amended to allow electric utilities to increase in rates for retail electricity customers of less than one average megawatt amounts necessary to pursue additional cost-effective energy conservation opportunities not reachable with PPC funds only. This additional tariff-based funding was used for conservation efforts in addition to activity funded by the PPC charge, but it was not available to serve some larger commercial and industrial customers. In 2021, the Oregon Legislature extended and modernized the PPC legislation, by (i) updating and expanding the public purposes for PPC funding to include support for renewable energy to low and moderate income customers and "distribution system-connected technologies," primarily solar installation battery storage; and (ii) moving the entire funding mechanism for conservation programs from PPC to utility tariffs approved by the OPUC.

In addition to its electric energy efficiency work, Energy Trust administers natural gas conservation programs for residential and commercial customers of NW Natural. Under the terms of the 2003 agreement with the OPUC, NW Natural collects and transfers to Energy Trust a surcharge of the total monthly amount billed to non-industrial customers. Energy Trust uses these funds for energy efficiency efforts to benefit NW Natural's Oregon residential and commercial customers. In 2009, Energy Trust began administering energy efficiency programs for qualified industrial customers of NW Natural.

In 2006 and 2017, respectively, Energy Trust began administering natural gas conservation programs for residential and commercial customers of Cascade Natural Gas Corporation-Oregon and Avista Oregon, each under similar public purpose charge funding agreements. In 2009, Energy Trust began serving NW Natural customers in Southwest Washington as well.

Current PPC funding is set to expire January 1, 2036 and electric and natural gas energy efficiency tariffs do not have a legislatively required sunset.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting – The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of presentation – Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor-imposed stipulations. The Board of Directors has designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, amounts for various purposes. These designations can be released at any time with Board approval. See Note 8.

Net assets with donor restrictions – Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may or will be met, either by actions of Energy Trust and/or the passage of time. When a restriction is met, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Also included in this category are net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations which must be maintained in perpetuity by Energy Trust. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the use of all or part of the income earned on any related investments for general or specific purposes. There were no net assets under this category as of December 31, 2022 or 2021.

Concentrations of credit risk – Energy Trust's cash and cash equivalents may subject Energy Trust to concentrations of credit risk, as the fair value of securities is dependent on the ability of the issuer to honor its contractual commitments. Energy Trust's non-interest bearing cash balances may exceed federally insured limits of \$250,000 per account. Energy Trust has not experienced any losses in such accounts to date.

Cash and cash equivalents – For purposes of financial statement classification, Energy Trust considers all unrestricted, highly-liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

Interest income and investment returns – Interest income is recognized from notes receivable and from funds available on demand that are held with Umpqua Bank and First Interstate Bank. Investments are measured at fair value in the statements of financial position. Investment return includes realized and unrealized gains and losses, interest and dividends, net of investment expenses, and is included in the statements of activities as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless the income or loss is restricted by donor or law. Energy Trust did not have any funds considered investments at December 31, 2022 and 2021, other than mutual funds associated with the deferred compensation asset which are disclosed in Note 6.

Property and equipment – Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, which generally range from three to eight years. It is Energy Trust's policy to capitalize property and equipment over \$5,000.

Adoption of new accounting standards - In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). ASU 2016-02 requires companies that lease assets to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by the leases. Energy Trust adopted the new standard using the modified retrospective approach. As part of adoption, Energy Trust has elected the private company alternative to use the risk-free rate as the discount rate for certain asset classes.

There was no cumulative effect adjustment recorded to opening net assets upon adoption of Topic 842.

Revenue and revenue recognition – All funding is considered available for general use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Funding revenue is recognized when funds are received from the funding source.

A portion of Energy Trust's revenue is derived from cost-reimbursable contracts and grants, which are conditioned upon certain performance requirements and/or the incurrence of allowable qualifying expenses. Amounts received are recognized as revenue when Energy Trust has incurred expenditures in compliance with specific contract or grant provisions. Amounts received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures are reported as deferred revenue in the statements of financial position. There was \$1,858,825 reported as deferred revenue in the statement of financial position at December 31, 2022. There were no amounts reported as deferred revenue at December 31, 2021.

Energy Trust accounts for grants and contributions under Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2018-08 Not-for-Profit Entities: Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made (Topic 605) as management believes the standard improves the usefulness and understandability of Energy Trust's financial reporting.

Expense allocation – The costs of Energy Trust's various programs and supporting services have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of functional expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment is allocated on a square footage basis or directly according to the program it supports. All other expenses are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort or directly to the programs benefited.

Advertising – Energy Trust expenses advertising costs as incurred. Advertising costs include activities to create or stimulate a desire to use Energy Trust's services that are provided without charge. Advertising expense amounted to \$1,866,048 and \$1,410,172 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Income taxes – Energy Trust is exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. No provision for income taxes is made in the accompanying financial statements, as Energy Trust has no activities subject to unrelated business income tax. Energy Trust is not a private foundation.

Energy Trust recognizes the tax benefit from uncertain tax positions only if it is more likely than not that the tax positions will be sustained on examination by the tax authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefit is measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Energy Trust recognizes interest and penalties related to income tax matters, if any, in management and general expense.

Energy Trust had no unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2022 or 2021. No interest and penalties were accrued for the years ended December 31, 2022 or 2021. Energy Trust files an exempt organization return in the U.S. federal jurisdiction.

Renewable energy certificates – In the process of funding above-market costs of renewable energy resources, Energy Trust negotiates the contractual ownerships of Renewable Energy Certificates (REC) with funding recipients. However, Energy Trust does not hold ownership of the RECs, and as such, no value has been reported at December 31, 2022 or 2021.

Use of estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires that management make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications – Certain account reclassifications and adjustments have been made to the financial statements of the prior year in order to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on previously reported change in net assets or net assets.

Subsequent events – Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the statement of financial position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued. Energy Trust recognizes in the financial statements the effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the statement of financial position, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. Energy Trust's financial statements do not recognize subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the statement of financial position but arose after the statement of financial position date and before the financial statements are available to be issued.

Energy Trust has evaluated subsequent events through April 6, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statement of financial position date, comprise the following for the years ended December 31:

	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 113,276,676	\$ 75,475,435
Other receivables	218,587	3,957,122
Deferred compensation asset	1,209,704	1,472,244
	\$ 114,704,967	\$ 80,904,801

Note 4 - Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consist of the following at December 31:

	2022	2021
Computer equipment and software Office equipment and furniture Leasehold improvements	\$ 4,785,443 803,782 654,214	\$ 4,593,953 803,782 654,214
Less accumulated depreciation	6,243,439 5,750,957	6,051,949 5,408,398
Work in process	492,482 167,805	643,551 8,000
	\$ 660,287	\$ 651,551

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, work in process consisted of various software development projects.

Note 5 – Right to Use Lease

Energy Trust has entered into a facility lease for a Portland, OR building which qualifies as an operating lease under GAAP. The building lease has terms extending through 2025. Energy Trust determines if contracts with vendors represent a lease or have a lease component under GAAP at contract inception. For purposes of calculating lease liabilities, lease terms include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that Energy Trust will exercise such options.

Operating lease right of use assets and liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term at the lease commencement date. As the operating lease does not provide an implicit rate, Energy Trust elected to use the risk-free rate in determining the present value of future payments.

Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities by lease type, and the associated balance sheet classification are as follows:

	Balance Sheet Classification				
Right-of-use assets: Operating lease	Right of use lease asset	\$	2,350,647		
Lease liabilities: Operating lease	Lease liability	\$	3,184,561		

Total lease expense under the operating lease was \$904,064 for the period ending December 31, 2022.

Future undiscounted fixed lease payments for the operating lease as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

2023	\$ 1,104,255
2024	1,136,707
2025	1,169,160
Less effects of discounting	 (225,561)
	_
Lease liability	\$ 3,184,561

The remaining term and the discount rate on the operating lease as of December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Operating lease remaining term (years)	3.00
Operating lease discount rate	4.50%

Note 6 - Fair Value Measurements

Accounting literature defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Energy Trust determines fair value based on quoted prices when available or through the use of alternative approaches, such as matrix or model pricing, when market quotes are not readily accessible or available. The valuation techniques used are based on observable and unobservable inputs. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect Energy Trust's market assumptions. These two types of inputs create the following fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs are used to measure fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available. Energy Trust's own data used to develop unobservable inputs is adjusted for market consideration when reasonably available.

Energy Trust used the following methods and significant assumptions to estimate fair value for its assets measured and carried at fair value in the financial statements:

Deferred compensation assets – Deferred compensation assets are comprised of U.S. mutual funds for which the fair value is obtained from an independent pricing service. The fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes, cash flows, or the U.S. Treasury yield curve. Deferred compensation assets are recorded in other assets within the statements of financial position.

There were no changes in the valuation methodologies or assumptions used by Energy Trust for the years ended December 31, 2022 or 2021.

It is Energy Trust's policy to recognize transfers of investments between levels in the fair value hierarchy on December 31st of each year.

The following tables present the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying statements of financial position measured at fair value on a recurring basis, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized by Energy Trust to determine such fair value:

	Fair Value Measurements at Report Date Using:								
	Fair Value at December 31, 2022		Activ Ide	oted Prices in ve Markets for ntical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Deferred compensation assets									
U.S. mutual funds	\$	1,209,704	\$	1,209,704	\$ -	\$ -			
Total deferred compensation									
assets	\$	1,209,704	\$	1,209,704	\$ -	\$ -			
		Fa	ir Valu	e Measuremer	nts at Report Date Usi	ng:			
		air Value at cember 31, 2021	Activ Ide	oted Prices in ve Markets for ntical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Deferred compensation assets									
U.S. mutual funds	\$	1,472,245	\$	1,472,245	\$ -	\$ -			
Total deferred compensation									
assets	\$	1,472,245	\$	1,472,245	\$ -	\$ -			

Assets are to be classified in the table above by recurring or non-recurring measurement status. Recurring assets are initially measured at fair value and are required to be remeasured at fair value in the financial statements at each reporting date. There were no assets measured on a non-recurring basis at December 31, 2022 or 2021.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, Energy Trust does not have any liabilities that are required to be measured in accordance with fair value standards.

Note 7 - Notes Receivable

Energy Trust has entered into agreements with Craft3 to loan up to \$1,300,000 in support of the Savings Within Reach Loan Program. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, Energy Trust had loaned \$1,300,000, which accrues interest at 1% and is payable quarterly. \$800,000 is due and payable on June 30, 2025 and \$500,000 is due and payable on December 31, 2031.

In 2018, Energy Trust entered into a second agreement with Craft3 to loan up to \$1,000,000 in support of the Manufactured Home Loan Pilot. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, no amounts were outstanding in connection with this agreement.

Allowances for doubtful accounts are established based on prior collection experience and current economic factors which, in management's judgment, could influence the ability of loan recipients to repay the amounts outstanding per the terms of the agreement. Balances are written off only when they are deemed to be uncollectible. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$17,669 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

2022

2021

Note 8 - Designated Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

The following funds have been designated by the Board of Directors at December 31:

Emergency contingency reserve Operational contingency reserve Loans made or reserved (see Note 7)	\$ 3,000,000 5,040,267 2,300,000 \$ 10,340,267	\$ 3,000,000 4,982,275 2,300,000 \$ 10,282,275
Note 9 – Funding Revenue		
Funding revenue recognized is as follows for the years ended Dec	ember 31:	
	2022	2021
OPUC grant agreement		
Portland General Electric Energy efficiency Renewable resources	\$ 84,529,304 10,773,985	\$ 85,554,894 9,401,570
	95,303,289	94,956,464
PacifiCorp Energy efficiency Renewable resources	58,202,362 6,870,486 65,072,848	56,449,819 6,181,248 62,631,067
Cascade		
Energy efficiency	4,106,257	3,388,789
Avista Energy efficiency	4,943,292	2,443,293
Northwest Natural – Oregon Energy efficiency	32,870,445	26,955,626
Total OPUC grant agreement	\$ 202,296,131	\$ 190,375,239
Northwest Natural – Washington Energy efficiency	\$ 3,150,874	\$ 3,000,874

Contracts and grants	2022	2021
Northwest Natural – TLM Contract	\$ 429,464	\$ 214,732
Oregon Community Solar Program Contract	433,898	456,993
Portland General Electric Smart Battery Pilot Contract Smart Inverter Pilot Contract	119,168 21,284	71,703
	140,452	71,703
SALMON US DOE Grant	73,128	
Solar Ambassadors NREL Grant	88,000	
Solar with Justice US DOE Grant	3,509	8,934
Landlord Provided Cooling ODOE Grant	141,175	
Total contracts and grants	\$ 1,309,626	\$ 752,362
Other revenue	\$ -	\$ 41,380
Total funding revenue	\$ 206,756,631	\$ 194,169,855

Note 10 - Retirement Plans

Retirement plan – Energy Trust provides all employees with a qualified profit sharing retirement plan as prescribed under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Generally, employees who have completed at least three consecutive months of work may elect to make voluntary contributions to the plan on a pre-tax basis, up to the limits allowed by law. Employees select from various investment options. On a discretionary basis, as determined annually by the Board of Directors, Energy Trust may make contributions to the plan. For each of the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, Energy Trust contributed to the plan an amount equal to 6% of the compensation earned by each eligible employee during the period. Employees are immediately vested in all contributions to the plan. Retirement plan expense recorded by Energy Trust was \$877,069 and \$801,938 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Deferred compensation plan – Energy Trust sponsors a non-qualified deferred compensation plan for selected employees. Investments are owned by Energy Trust and managed individually by each participant. At the time an employer contribution is made, the Board will, in its sole discretion, determine whether the employer contribution will be initially fully vested or will become vested in accordance with vesting terms designated by the Board of Directors. Until paid to participants, plan assets are subject to the claims of Energy Trust's creditors.

Energy Trust did not make discretionary contributions to the plan during the years ended December 31, 2022 or 2021. Energy Trust recorded an asset and a liability in the amount of \$1,209,704 and \$1,465,634 and \$1,211,910 and \$1,474,684 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The deferred compensation asset and liability are recorded in other assets and accrued payroll and related expenses, respectively, in the statements of financial position.

Note 11 - Contractual Commitments

Energy Trust enters into contract commitments for various goods and services. As of December 31, 2022, Energy Trust expects to pay approximately \$106,900,000 in future periods under these commitments. Expenditures for these commitments are recorded in the period in which they are incurred.

Energy Trust entered into incentive funding agreements for energy efficiency and renewable resource projects not completed as of December 31, 2022 totaling no more than \$35,300,000. These amounts will be paid in the period in which they are completed.

Energy Trust also has projects and incentive payment requests in progress that did not meet its recognition criteria at both December 31, 2022 and 2021. These amounts are unquantifiable and, as such, not disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Note 12 - Related Party Transactions

Energy Trust, along with a number of other northwest regional utilities, provides funding to Northwest Energy Efficiency Alliance (NEEA). Energy Trust benefits from the arrangement by achieving low cost, long lasting electric energy savings through NEEA's regional market transformation activities. In 2022 and 2021, Energy Trust's executive director served on the NEEA's board of directors. Total payments to NEEA were approximately \$7,752,000 and \$8,184,000 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.